



CRSP | Daily US Treasury Database Guide

Center for Research in Security Prices
The University of Chicago
Graduate School of Business

CRSP DATA LICENSE

This is a legal agreement between you (either an individual or an entity) hereby referred to as the “user” or “Subscriber” and the University of Chicago, Graduate School of Business on behalf of the Center for Research in Security Prices, hereby referred to as “CRSP”. By opening this product, you are agreeing to be bound by the terms of the following License Agreement. If you do not wish to accept these terms, return the unused, unopened data to CRSP within 30 days of receipt with any written materials to the Products and Services Department, CRSP, University of Chicago, GSB, 725 S. Wells Street, Suite 800, Chicago, IL 60607. *Opening this data without a signed agreement binds the user to restrictions of use in CRSP’s standard subscription/contract terms for the product.*

The accompanying media contains data that are the property of CRSP and its information providers and are licensed for use only, by you as the original licensee. Title to such media, data and documentation is expressly retained by CRSP.

Data and documentation are provided with restricted rights. CRSP grants the user the right to access the CRSP data and the CRSP product database guide(s) only for internal or academic research use. Usage of the data must be in accordance with the terms detailed in the Subscription Agreement, Contract or Agreement between CRSP and the user, and the license to use this data is limited to the time period of the Agreement. The data is “in use” on a computer when it is loaded into the temporary memory (i.e. RAM) or is installed into the permanent memory (e.g. hard disk, CD ROM or any other storage device) of that computer or network in one location. CRSP data may only be loaded onto the computer system(s) or network of the Subscriber as agreed to in the Subscription Agreement or Contract, and specifically may not be installed onto systems not owned by Subscriber, such as student owned PC’s or Laptop Computers. Once the data has been updated or the product phased out, Subscribers must promptly return the previous release of data on its original medium to CRSP or destroy it. Once a Subscription or Contract expires, and is not renewed, the Subscriber must purge all CRSP data from all computer systems on which it was loaded.

COPYRIGHT NOTICE

The documents and data are copyrighted materials of The University of Chicago, Graduate School of Business, Center for Research in Security Prices (CRSP) and its information providers. Reproduction or storage of materials retrieved from these are subject to the U.S. Copyright Act of 1976, Title 17 U.S.C.

The Center for Research in Security Prices, CRSP, CRSP Total Return Index Series, CRSPAccess, CRSP Cap-Based Portfolio Series, PERMNO, PERMCO and CRSPID have been registered for trademarks and other forms of proprietary rights. The Contents are owned or controlled by CRSP or the party credited as the provider of the Contents.

PROPRIETARY RIGHTS

PERMNO, PERMCO and CRSPID are symbols representing data, which is proprietary to the Center for Research in Security Prices.

DISCLAIMER

CRSP will endeavor to obtain information appearing in its data files from sources it considers reliable, but disclaims any and all liability for the truth, accuracy or completeness of the information conveyed. THE UNIVERSITY AND CRSP MAKE NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THE MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS, CONDITION, USE OR APPROPRIATENESS FOR SUBSCRIBER'S PURPOSES OF THE DATA FILES AND DATA FURNISHED TO THE SUBSCRIBER UNDER THIS SUBSCRIPTION, OR ANY OTHER MATTER AND ALL SUCH DATA FILES WILL BE SUPPLIED ON AN "AS IS" BASIS. CRSP will endeavor to meet the projected dates for updates, but makes no guarantee thereof, and shall not have any liability for delays, breakdowns or interruption of the subscription. In no event shall the University of Chicago be liable for any consequential damages (even if they have been advised of the possibility of such damages), for damages arising out of third party suppliers terminating agreements to supply information to CRSP, or for other causes beyond its reasonable control.

In the event that the Subscriber discovers an error in the data files, Subscriber's sole remedy shall be to notify CRSP and CRSP will use its best efforts to correct same and deliver corrections with the next update.

PERMISSION TO USE CRSP DATA

CRSP permits the use of its data in scholarly papers written by faculty, students, or employees of Subscriber. CRSP data may also be used in client newsletters, marketing, and education materials, company reports, books, and other published materials, as long as this usage has been described (and approved by CRSP) in Subscriber's Statement of Use in the Subscription Agreement. If you intend to use our data or anything derived from our data in your publications, like graphs, or in products (like textbooks), we require that you receive written permission from CRSP. For written permission, please contact us at 773.834.4606 or Subscriptions@crsp.uchicago.edu.

CITATION

The following citation must be used when displaying the results of any analysis that uses CRSP data.

Source: CRSP, Center for Research in Security Prices. Graduate School of Business, The University of Chicago [year]. Used with permission. All rights reserved. www.crsp.uchicago.edu

Such that [year] represents the four-digit year of the data used in the citation.

USE OF CRSP DATABASES

PROHIBITED

Employees of academic and commercial subscribers to CRSP databases have from time to time requested the use of CRSP data for the individual's outside consulting projects, or in specific additional products, like textbooks. CRSP databases are to be used exclusively for the subscriber's own internal educational or business processes, as stated in the Statement of Use in the subscription agreement. The University does not permit any third party to use its databases. If you wish to use our data in your consulting projects or additional products, you or your client may either subscribe to a CRSP database or request a custom research project.

APPROVED

The CRSP data files are proprietary and should be used only for research purposes by the faculty, students, or employees of the subscribing institution. The Subscription Agreement, signed by each subscribing institution states:

- ⊗ Subscriber acknowledges that the data files to which it is subscribing contain factual material selected, arranged and processed by CRSP and others through research applications and methods involving much time, study, and expense.
- ⊗ The Subscriber agrees that it will not transfer, sell, publish, or release in any way any of the data files or the data contained therein to any individual or third party who is not an employee or student of the Subscriber, and that the data provided to the Subscriber by CRSP is solely for the Subscriber's use.
- ⊗ The Subscriber may not copy the data or documentation in any form onto any device or medium without the express written consent of CRSP, except solely to create back-up copies of the CRSP data files for its internal use, subject to the terms of this Agreement.
- ⊗ Subscriber agrees and warrants that it will take all necessary and appropriate steps to protect CRSP's proprietary rights and copyright in the data supplied (including, but not limited to, any and all specific steps which may be expressly required by CRSP), and that the Subscriber will protect the data in no less than the manner in which it would protect its own confidential or proprietary information.
- ⊗ The Subscriber will inform all users and potential users of CRSP data of CRSP's proprietary rights in its files and data by giving each user a copy of this paragraph and any other specific requirements CRSP may mandate under this paragraph and by requiring each such user to comply with this paragraph and all such additional requirements.

- ⊗ The Subscriber agrees that its obligation under the Subscription Agreement shall survive the termination of the Agreement for any reason.

DATABASE GUIDES

Additional copies of the database guides are available on the CRSP CD-ROM and on-line through the Database Guide link found at <http://www.crsp.uchicago.edu>

DATA SOURCES

CRSP US Stock and Indices Data: NYSE/AMEX Data

The data used to construct the original Master File was hand collected by CRSP. Standard & Poor's Price Tape and Punched Card Dividend Service provided the daily price and dividend data between July, 1962 and September 1, 1972. On September 1, 1972, these services were acquired by Interactive Data Corporation (IDC) of Waltham, Massachusetts. IDC continued to provide the data between September, 1972 and April, 1987. Interactive Data Services, Inc. (IDSI), a subsidiary of IDC, supplied this data Between April, 1987 and September, 1999. IDSI has additionally provided back data to include high, low, and volume data between July, 1962 and March, 1987. Beginning in October, 1999, Interactive Data Corporation (IDC), a part of Financial Times Information provides the data directly.

CRSP US Stock and Indices Data: Nasdaq Data

CRSP collected machine-readable data from three sources to build the Nasdaq File. Interactive Data Corporation (IDC) of Waltham, Massachusetts, provided data on the daily price quotes and information about capitalization and distributions to shareholders between December 12, 1972 and August 31, 1984. The National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD) provided the data from November 1, 1982 to the present, with the exception of February, 1986 IDSI provided daily price and volume data for February, 1986. IDC was used as a secondary source to NASD between November 1, 1982 and August 31, 1984.

CRSP US Treasury Data

Prices prior to January of 1962 were obtained from sources including the *Wall Street Journal*, Salomon Brothers, Inc., and the Bank and Quotation Record. Between January of 1962 and October 16, 1996, data was provided by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (FRBNY). On October 16, 1996, the primary source for price quotations changed to GovPX, Inc (GovPX). The amount outstanding is obtained from the *Monthly Statement of the Public Debt of the United States published by the Treasury Department*. The amount publicly held is obtained from the quarterly US Treasury Bulletin. Money Rates are obtained from the Federal Reserve. The following non-derived data: issue date, coupon payable dates, bank eligibility, tax status and call status are obtained from the US Treasury Department.

Prior to 1990, CUSIP was obtained from Standard & Poor's CUSIP Directory. From January, 1990 through October 15th, 1996, CUSIP was obtained from the Composite 3:30 p.m. quotations for US Government Securities. GovPX, as of October 16, 1996, provides the CUSIP number. When in question, the CUSIP is verified by *Standard & Poor's CUSIP Directory*.

CRSP Survivor-Bias Free US Mutual Fund Data

The data was originally compiled primarily from Wiesenberger Investment Companies annual volumes, 1962-1993. Monthly returns back to January 1962 and current attributes for all active funds annually since June 1993, as well as for most funds that perished since 1989 are obtained from Standard and Poor's Micropal, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc, (formerly Investment Company Data, Inc. (ICDI)), in Des Moines, Iowa. All available missing return and attribute information on all funds was added from various printed monthly sources going back to January 1962.

TRADEMARKS

The Nasdaq Stock Market®, Nasdaq National Market®, Nasdaq®, Nasdaq 100 Index®, and OTC Bulletin Board® are registered service/trademarks of The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. Nasdaq Trader, and The Nasdaq SmallCap Market are service/trademarks of the Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. The Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc., and NASD are registered service/trademarks of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

American Stock Exchange®, and Amex® are registered service/trademarks of The American Stock Exchange LLC.

NYSE®, New York Stock Exchange®, The New York Stock Exchange, and N.Y. Stock Exchange are registered trademarks or service marks of NYSE.

CUISP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association.

IDD® and Tradeline® are registered trademarks of IDD Information Services.

IDSITM is a trademark of Interactive Data Corporation

COMPUSTAT® is a registered trademark and S&P 500 is a service mark of The Mc-Graw Hill Company.

FISTM, Mergent FIS, Inc.TM, and Mergent, Inc.TM are trademarks of Mergent, Inc. Moody's® is a registered trademark of Moody's Investors Service, Inc.

CCH® is a registered trademark of CCH Incorporated.

Dow Jones Interactive® and the Wall Street Journal are registered trademarks of the *Dow Jones & Company, Inc.*

Microsoft®, Excel®, Word®, and Access® are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation and MS-DOSTM and WindowsTM are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation.

Intel® Pentium® and Pentium® Pro are registered trademarks of Intel.

Sun®, Java and SolarisTM are trademarks of Sun Microsystems. SparcTM is a trademark of SPARC licensed to Sun for use on products based upon a particular architecture.

Compaq Alpha and Compaq Tru64TM are service/trademarks of Compaq.

UNIX is a trademark of UNIX Systems Laboratories.

IBM® and AIX6000® are registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation.

SAS® and EIS® are registered trademarks of the SAS Institute, Inc.

All other product and company names mentioned herein may be trademarks and/or service marks of their respective owners.

CRSPTM

The University of Chicago, Graduate School of Business

725 S. Wells Street

Suite 800

Chicago, IL 60607

Copyright © 2000 Center for Research in Security PricesTM University of Chicago

Version SDB-1999-1.0

Phone: 773.702.7467

Fax: 773.702.3036

e-mail: mail@crsp.uchicago.edu

<http://www.crsp.uchicago.edu>

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 About CRSP	1
CRSP Working Papers	1
Research at the U of C	1
CRSP Board of Directors	2
CRSP Historical Data Products	2
Sample Data Sets	4
1.2 File Description	5
Development	5
Sources	5
Differences Between Daily and Monthly Files	6
Accuracy	6
Notational Conventions	6
CHAPTER 2: DATABASE STRUCTURE	7
2.1 Calendar File	8
2.2 Master File	9
2.3 Cross-Sectional Files	10
2.4 CRSP Fixed Term Indices File	11
CHAPTER 3: DATA DEFINITIONS	13
CALENDAR - Calendar and Government Rates	14
HEADER - Issue Identification, Characteristics, and Data Ranges	16
QUOTES - Raw Data	20
YIELDS - Derived Data	21
DEBT - Amounts Outstanding	23
PAYMENTS - Interest Payments	24
CRSP Fixed Term Indices Files	25
CHAPTER 4: ACCESSING THE DATA	29
4.1 Use of CRSP Sample Programs	30
4.2 Description of Programs	32
FORTRAN Sample Programs	36
FORTRAN Access Subroutines	37
FORTRAN Utility Subroutines	38
FORTRAN Include Files	42
C Sample Programs	43
C Access Routines	46
C Utility Routines	53
C Input/Output Routines	58
C Include Files	59
4.3 File Specifications	60
Master File Specifications	60
Cross-Sectional File Specifications	63
Fixed Term Indices File Specifications	64
Excel Files	65
Microsoft Excel Support Disclaimer	65
SAS Files	66
SAS Support Disclaimer	66
APPENDIX A: SPECIAL ISSUES	67
A.1. Issues with Special Provisions	67
A.2. Stripped Notes and Bonds	68
A.3. Foreign Targeted Securities	69

INDEX	71
-------------	----

OVERVIEW

ABOUT THIS GUIDE

This guide will help the user to understand and to access the Daily CRSP US Treasury Database, developed at the University of Chicago, Graduate School of Business, Center for Research in Security Prices (CRSP).

Professor Lawrence Fisher, currently at Rutgers University, originated the basic design and content of the Monthly CRSP US Treasury Database.

The Databases are comprehensive, and are updated annually.

INSIDE

Chapter One: Introduction describes the sources of the data and construction of the database's Master Files.

Chapter Two: Database Structure contains diagrams of the database structure and detailed file layout specifications.

Chapter Three: Data Definitions provides the names and definitions of the data variables found in the files.

Chapter Four: Accessing the Data contains the CD ROM layout and installation pointers. CRSP provides sample programs with access subroutines, utility subroutines, and include files written in FORTRAN 77, and sample programs with access routines, utility routines, input/output routines and include files written in C, to read and to process the data. It describes the ASCII, Excel and SAS files.

Appendix: lists the US Government issues that require special treatment.

Index: provides an alphabetical reference to locate definitions for the data variables, sample programs, subroutines, and include files.

Contact us for Technical Support

Telephone: 773.834.1025

E-Mail: support@crsp.uchicago.edu

World Wide Web: <http://www.crsp.uchicago.edu>

CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION

OVERVIEW

This chapter describes the development of the files, the sources of the data and any changes to the database.

INSIDE

1.1 About CRSP	Page 1
CRSP Working Papers	
Research at the U of C	
CRSP Board of Directors	
CRSP Historical Data Products	
Sample Data Sets	
1.2 File Description	Page 5
Development	
Sources	
Differences Between Daily and Monthly Files	
Accuracy	
Notational Conventions	

CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

1.1 About CRSP

Back in 1959, Professor James Lorie fielded a call from Louis Engel, a Vice President at Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith. The firm wanted to advertise how well people had done investing in common stocks, but Engel needed some solid data. Could the University of Chicago Graduate School of Business help?

That was the start of the Center for Research in Security Prices. Computer technology was in its infancy and no machine-readable data existed.

Professor Lorie and Professor Lawrence Fisher, a colleague on the finance faculty, set out to build a database of historical and current securities data that answered Merrill Lynch's question and, since then, many, many others.

The professors compiled the first machine-readable file. It contained month-end prices and total returns on all stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange between 1926 and 1960. Over time, CRSP added the American Stock Exchange, the Nasdaq stock exchange, and end-of-day as well as month-end prices. Now CRSP updates US stock data in two frequencies; either once a year and once a month, and has expanded the scope of their databases to include US Indices, US Treasuries, and US Mutual Funds.

Today, CRSP is justly considered the premier provider of historical price data, US corporate actions information, our name history changes unique identifiers, distributions of shares, cash, rights, spin-offs, mergers and liquidation payments. As a result, the history and quality of CRSP capital return, income return and total return numbers are unsurpassed.

CRSP Working Papers

University of Chicago working papers are available online through www.crsp.uchicago.edu.

Research at the U of C

From inception, the University of Chicago set the highest standards of research excellence. The Graduate School of Business helped to spawn the modern revolution in finance, and research done here has been incorporated into CRSP data files. Among them:

- ⊗ Risk/Return Analysis by Harry Moskowitz
- ⊗ The Sharpe-Lintner Capital Asset Pricing Model
- ⊗ The Efficient Market Hypothesis
- ⊗ Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model
- ⊗ Small Stock Effect

The comprehensiveness and quality of CRSP data has made it the premier source for academic researchers and quantitative analysts for thirty-five years. We have the latest research on a wide variety of finance topics available online.

CRSP Board of Directors

We are fortunate to have the guidance of world-renowned faculty.

Chairman Eugene F. Fama, *Robert R. McCormick Distinguished Service Professor of Finance*.

Douglas W. Diamond, *Theodore O. Yntema Professor of Finance*.

Steven Neil Kaplan, *Neubauer Family Professor of Entrepreneurship and Finance*.

Robert W. Vishny, *Eric J. Gleacher Distinguished Service Professor of Finance*.

John Huizinga, *Walter David "Bud" Fackler Professor of Economics, Deputy Dean for the Faculty*.

Mark E. Zmijewski, *Leon Carroll Marshall Professor of Finance, Deputy Dean for the Full-Time M.B.A. Programs*.

CRSP Historical Data Products

CRSP US Stock Databases

CRSP provides monthly, quarterly, or annual updates of end-of-day and month-end prices on all listed NYSE, AMEX and Nasdaq common stocks with basic market indices. CRSP provides the most comprehensive distribution information available, for the most accurate total return calculations.

Important facts regarding CRSP US Stock Data.

- ⌘ **Annual Update:** Ready in April.
- ⌘ **Quarterly Update:** Ready by the 12th business day of the following quarterly
- ⌘ **Monthly Updates:** Ready by the 12th business day of the following month.
- ⌘ **Daily and Month-End Data:** NYSE/AMEX: High, low, bid, ask, closing price, trading volume, shares outstanding, capital appreciation, income appreciation, total return, year-end capitalization, and year-end capitalization portfolio. Nasdaq data also includes: closing bid, ask, number of trades, historical traits information, market maker count, trading status, and NASD classification.
- ⌘ **History:** NYSE daily data begins July 1962. Monthly data begins December 1925. AMEX daily and monthly data begins July 1962. Nasdaq daily and monthly data begins December, 14 1972.
- ⌘ **Identifying Information:** Complete Name History for each security; all historical: CUSIPs, exchange codes, ticker symbols, SIC codes, share classes, share codes, and security delisting information. These items may change over time. CRSP has developed a unique permanent issue identification number, PERMNO, and a unique permanent company identification number, PERMCO. These enable the user to track the issue over time, performing extremely accurate time-series data analysis.
- ⌘ **Distribution Information:** descriptions of all distributions, dividend amounts, factors to adjust price and shares, declaration, ex-distribution, record and payment dates, and security and company linking information.

CRSP US Treasury Database and Security Portfolio Assignment Module

A companion database, the CRSP US Treasury Database and Security Portfolio Assignment Module, provides market indices on a daily, monthly, quarterly and annual frequency. This database provides additional market and security level portfolio statistics and decile portfolio assignment data. Four types of indices provide the following information.

- ⊗ The **CRSP Stock File Indices** includes Value- and Equal-Weighted Indices, with or without dividends, the S&P 500 Composite Index and returns, Nasdaq Composite Index and return and security data needed to link stocks to the CRSP US Market Cap-Based Portfolios. Published S&P 500 and Nasdaq Composite Index Data are also included.
- ⊗ **CRSP US Market Cap-Based Portfolios** track micro-, small-, mid- and large-cap stocks. CRSP ranks all NYSE companies by market capitalization and divides them into 10 equally populated portfolios. AMEX and Nasdaq National Market stocks are then placed into deciles according to their respective capitalizations, determined by the NYSE breakpoints. CRSP Portfolios 1-2 represent large caps, Portfolios 3, 4, 5 represent mid-caps, Portfolios 6, 7, 8 represent small caps, and Portfolios 9-10 benchmark micro-caps.

Among the monthly data provided are the number of companies in the portfolio at the start of the quarter, portfolio weight at the start of the quarter, total return and index level, capital appreciation return and index level, and income return and index level.

- ⊗ **CRSP Indices for the S&P 500 Universe** are daily and monthly files which include value- and equal-weighted returns, with and without dividends of portfolios comprising the securities in the S&P 500 formerly S&P 90 indexes.
- ⊗ **CRSP US Treasury and Inflation Series** are monthly files containing returns and index levels on US Treasuries and the US Government Consumer Price Index and index level.

Companion portfolio assignment data modules added to the security databases link the securities to their portfolios.

CRSP US Treasury Databases

CRSP provides complete historical descriptive information and market data including prices, returns, accrued interest, yields, and durations since 1925 for the month-end data and 1961 for the daily data. Monthly supplemental files, developed by Professor Eugene F. Fama, Robert R. McCormick Professor of Finance, are described below. They are updated annually.

Important facts regarding CRSP US Treasury data.

- ⊗ **Annual Updates:** Ready in April.
- ⊗ **Daily Data:** Daily quote dates, delivery dates, 1-, 3-, and 6-month CD rates, 30-, 60-, and 90-day commercial paper rates, and Federal funds effective rate. **Monthly Data:** Monthly quote dates and delivery dates. Julian, linear, and other date information to facilitate date arithmetic.
- ⊗ **History:** Daily data begins on June 14, 1961. Monthly data begins on December, 31 1925.
- ⊗ **Identifying Information:** CRSP Identifier (CRSPID), CUSIP, maturity date, coupon rate, among other items, sorted by CRSPID.
- ⊗ **Quote Data:** Bid, ask, and source. **Performance Data:** Accrued interest, yield, return and duration.
- ⊗ **Debt Data:** Debt outstanding, total and publicly held.
- ⊗ **Fixed Term Indices Files:** Performance of single US Treasury issues at fixed maturity horizons.

- ⊗ **Supplemental Files:** The Monthly CRSP US Treasury Database contains files designed by Eugene F. Fama, Professor of Finance, The University of Chicago Graduate School of Business. These files extract term structures and risk-free rates. There are four groups of files. The Treasury Bill Term Structure Files, The Fama-Bliss Discount Bond Files, The Risk-Free Rates File and The Maturity Portfolio Returns File. The data in these files begin in 1952 with the exception of the Risk-Free Rates File, where the data begins in 1925.

CRSP Survivor-Bias Free US Mutual Fund Database

based on the Standard & Poor's[®] Micropal[®] Database

Recently introduced, the CRSP Survivor-Bias Free US Mutual Fund Database records each mutual fund's name and organizational history. CRSP tracks monthly returns, monthly total net assets, monthly net asset values and monthly distributions for open-ended mutual funds beginning January 1, 1962. The database is updated quarterly, with a quarterly lag, and is delivered in Microsoft Access 97, Microsoft Access 2000 software and SAS Transport format.

Mark M. Carhart developed this unique database for his 1995 dissertation submitted to the Graduate School of Business entitled, *Survivor Bias and Persistence in Mutual Fund Performance*. In it he noted that the explosion in new mutual funds has been "accompanied by a steady disappearance of many other funds through merger, liquidation and other means. ...this data is not reported by mutual fund data services or financial periodicals and in most cases is (electronically) purged from current databases. This imposes a selection bias on the mutual fund data available to researchers: only survivors are included."

Sample Data Sets

Sample data sets for all CRSP products are available on the Sample CD-ROM and online through www.crsp.uchicago.edu.

1.2 File Description

The CRSP US Treasury Databases were developed by the Center for Research in Security Prices at the Graduate School of Business, University of Chicago. CRSP provides complete historical descriptive information and market data including prices, returns, accrued interest, yields, and durations beginning in 1961.

Development

Prices were manually input through December 31, 1989. Beginning January, 1990 through September, 1996, the prices were obtained from the Department of Commerce's electronic bulletin board (EBB). From October, 1996 to the present, prices are supplied by GovPX, Inc.

Manually input prices were double-entered, and programs were written to compare the prices entered from both screens. Once compared, price corrections were double-entered; the corrections were also compared for consistency. Several iterations of this process took place to arrive at the final, "clean" version of the file. Logical filters were then written and run to further clean the data.

Descriptive information and amounts outstanding were developed from the Monthly CRSP US Treasury Database.

Sources

Prices in the file prior to January of 1962 were obtained from a number of different sources (see description of SOURCR in Section 3). These sources include the *Wall Street Journal*, Salomon Brothers, Inc., and the Bank and Quotation Record.

Beginning with January of 1962, the majority of prices came from the Composite Closing Quotations for US Government Securities compiled by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (FRBNY). In 1984, the quotation sheets were renamed the "Composite 3:30 P.M. Quotations for US Government Securities". The time at which the quotes were compiled was related to the fedwire deadline the FRBNY set for the transfer of securities. The deadline was set for 2:30 p.m. Eastern Time, but was regularly extended as much as three-quarters of an hour. The FRBNY trading desk began a "closing run" at 3:00 p.m. The reference to "closing quotations" from 1962 to 1984 probably refers to the "closing run" at the FRBNY. The close of the day on October 15th, 1996 the FRBNY discontinued publication of composite quotations.

The start of the day, October 16, 1996, our source for price quotations changed to GovPX, Inc (GovPX). GovPX receives its data from 5 inter-dealer bond brokers, who broker transactions among 37 primary dealers. Live, intra-day bids, offers and transactions in the active over-the-counter markets among these primary dealers are the source of GovPX's 5 p.m. End-Of-Day US Treasury prices. GovPX also began providing the following non-derived data: maturity date and coupon rates as of October 16, 1996. This data was formerly provided by the US Treasury Department.

The FRBNY described its listed bid price as "...the most widely quoted price from the range of quotations received". The ask price was determined by the FRBNY based on what they expect a typical bid-ask spread to be. The rule used to make this derivation was not public domain. GovPX describes its listed bid and ask prices as the "best price". To determine their "best price" they observe the prices from the 5 inter-dealer brokers and report the bid and ask prices that produce the smallest bid-ask spread.

The amount outstanding (TOTOUT) is obtained from the *Monthly Statement of the Public Debt of the United States published by the Treasury Department*. The amount publicly held (PUBOUT) is obtained from the quarterly US Treasury Bulletin. Money Rates are obtained from the Federal Reserve. The following non-derived data: issue date, coupon payable dates, bank eligibility, tax status and call status are obtained from the US Treasury Department.

Prior to 1990, CUSIP was obtained from Standard & Poor's CUSIP Directory. From January, 1990 through October 15th, 1996, CUSIP was obtained from the Composite 3:30 p.m. quotations for US Government Securities. GovPX, as of October 16, 1996, provides the CUSIP number. When in question, the CUSIP is verified by *Standard & Poor's CUSIP Directory*.

All data are checked for internal consistency with each release of the file. Secondary sources, such as the *Wall Street Journal*, are used to check suspect prices.

Differences Between Daily and Monthly Files

The CRSP Daily US Treasury Files are a superset of the CRSP Monthly US Treasury Files with three exceptions.

1. When-issued prices are included in the Daily Files. All prices before an issue's dated date can be identified as when-issued prices.
2. Government Certificate of Deposit, Commercial Paper, and Federal Funds rates are included in the daily files.
3. Bond indexes equivalent to the four Fama Files in the monthly database have not yet been developed for the daily database.
4. C and FORTRAN programming access is provided for the daily data files, FORTRAN for the monthly data files.

Certain derived data items are not stored, but can be accessed with utility functions that are provided. Other less frequent data are only stored on the observation dates. See Section 4 for information on accessing the daily data.

Accuracy

All data are checked for internal consistency, and secondary sources are used to check suspect prices.

Considerable resources are expended in checking and improving the quality of the data. Errors are not common. Some of the errors found in checking the data are the results of inaccuracies in the initial data source. The inaccuracies are corrected as soon as possible. Other errors are CRSP coding errors; over time these coding errors are found and corrected. Historical corrections account for the differences in the data from update to update. The databases contain data updated through the end of the previous calendar year. These updated files are available to subscribers each Spring.

Notational Conventions

- ⊗ All data items and names that occur within FORTRAN or C programs are printed using a constant - width (courier) font. These names can be variable names, parameter names, subroutine names or keywords. For example, CUSIP refers to the CUSIP Agency identifier, while CUSIP refers to the variable that the programs use to store this identifier.
- ⊗ All names that refer to sample programs or include files are printed using an *italic Helvetica* font.
- ⊗ Names of FORTRAN common blocks are delimited by slashes (/).

CHAPTER TWO: DATABASE STRUCTURE

OVERVIEW

This chapter provides a diagrammatic overview of the database structure.

INSIDE

2.1 Calendar File	Page 8
2.2 Master File	Page 9
2.3 Cross-Sectional Files	Page 10
2.4 CRSP Fixed Term Indices File	Page 11

CHAPTER 2: DATABASE STRUCTURE

The Daily CRSP US Treasury Database consists of three primary files: the Calendar File, the Master File, and the Cross-Sectional File. These are supplemented by the derived CRSP Fixed Term Index Files.

The files are organized both as time series by issue and cross-sectionally by date.

Diagrams are provided as follows:

- ✱ The Calendar File,
- ✱ The Master File,
- ✱ The Cross-Sectional File, and
- ✱ The Fixed Term Index Files.

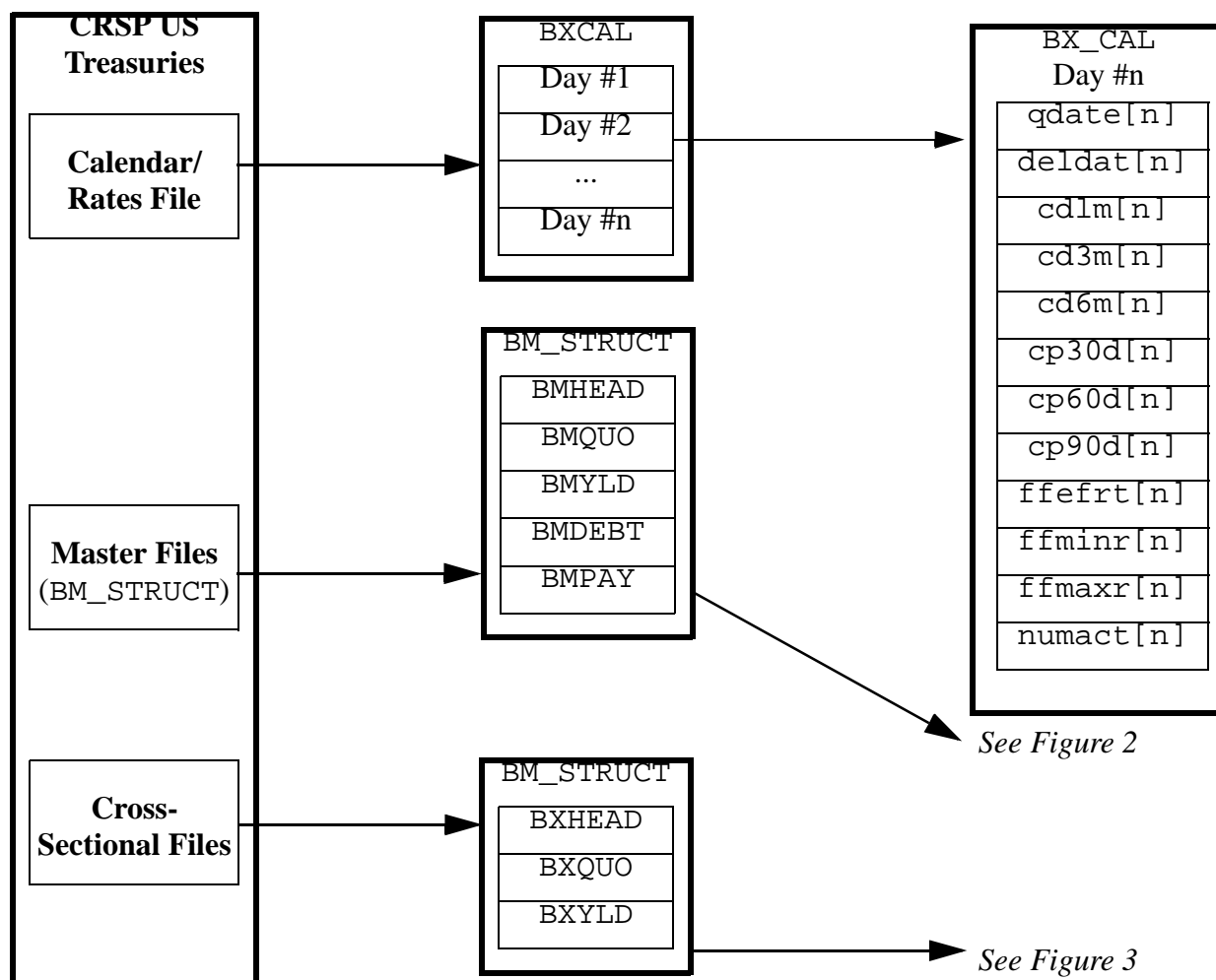
See Chapter 3 for the available data items and their descriptions.

See Chapter 4 for file specifications.

2.1 Calendar File

The Calendar File contains Daily Quote Dates and Delivery Dates as well as several Julian, linear, and other date information derived from these values.

Figure 1: Calendar File Structure

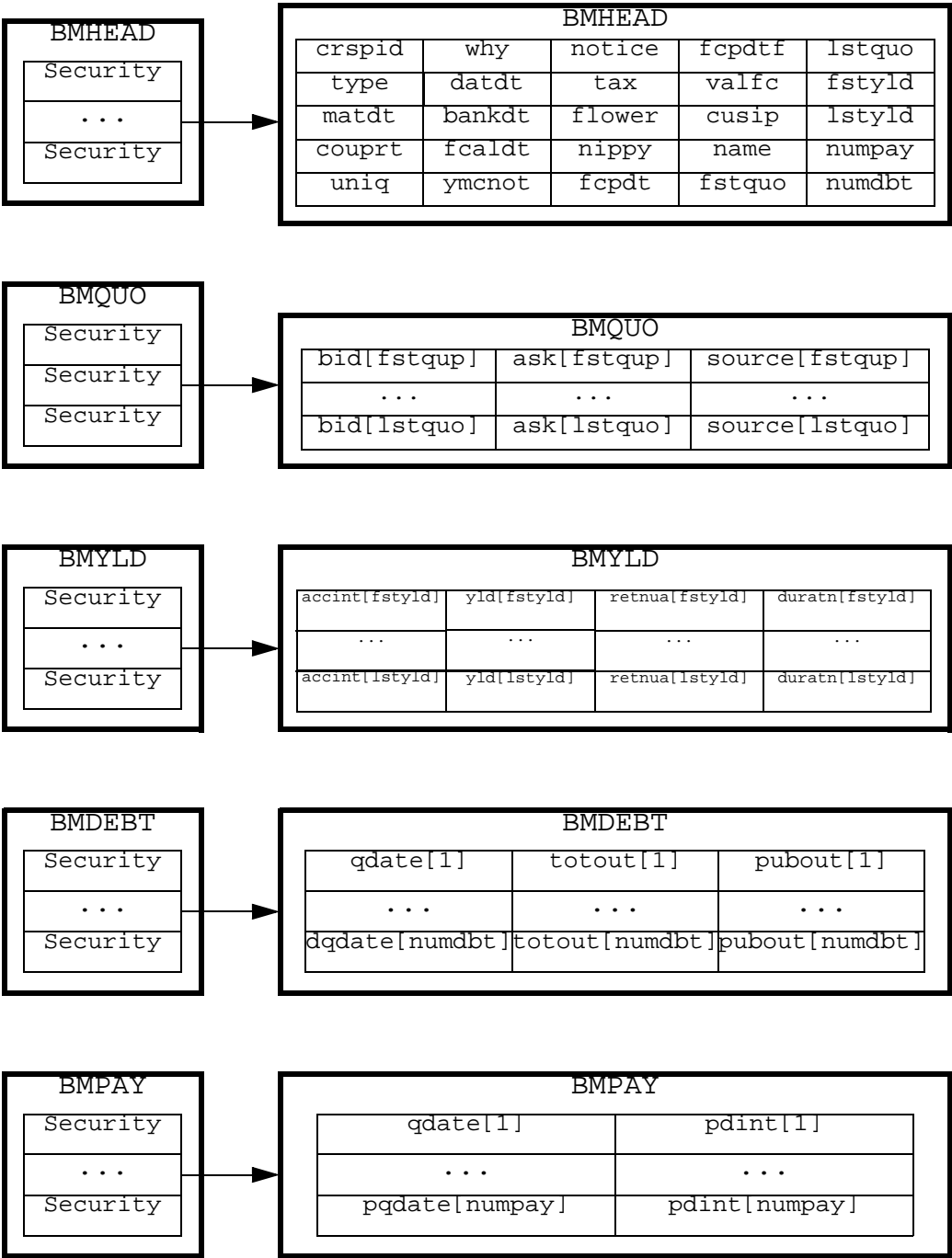


2.2 Master File

The Master File (MBM) contains end-of-day price data on virtually all negotiable direct obligations of the United States Treasury for the period June 14, 1961, to the present. The Master File is sorted by issue.

The sets of files are split into header information, raw daily data, and derived daily data. Header information contains CRSP identifiers, characteristics set by the US Treasury including interest dates and callable status and data ranges on quotes, number of amounts outstanding and number of interest payments.

Figure 2: Master File Structure

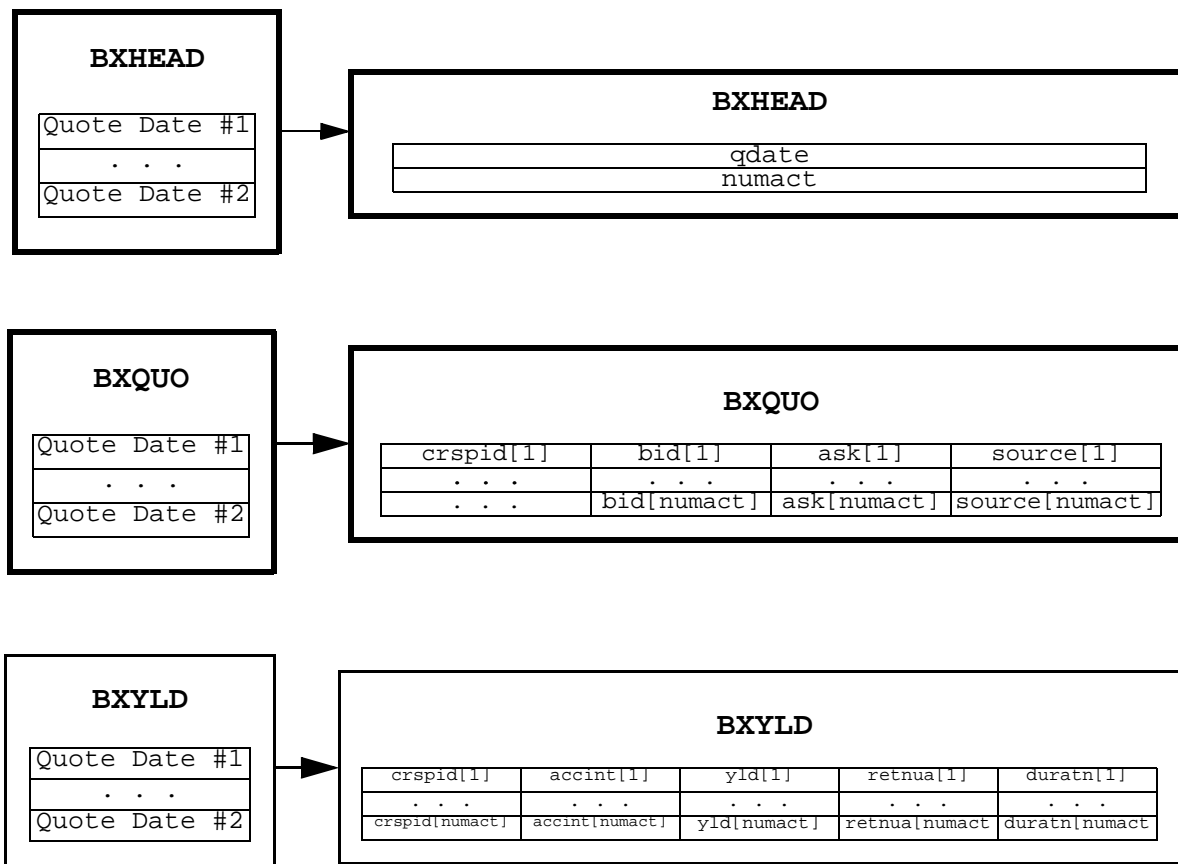


2.3 Cross-Sectional Files

The Cross-Sectional File (MXM) contains the same information as the Master File, except it is sorted by Quote Date. Section 3 contains detailed descriptions of the data variables.

The sets of files are split into header information, raw daily data, and derived daily data. Header information contains CRSP identifiers, characteristics set by the US Treasury including interest dates and callable status and data ranges on quotes, number of amounts outstanding and number of interest payments.

Figure 3: Cross-Sectional File Structure



2.4 CRSP Fixed Term Indices File

These derived files offer 7 groups of indices: 30, 20, 10, 7, 5, 2 and 1 year target maturity indices sorted by term type and quote date. This index creates a sophisticated bond yield curve, allowing the selection of data items referenced by returns, prices and duration. Start dates vary based upon term types selected. Programming support is not provided for the CRSP Fixed Term Indices.

The Fixed Term Indices File contains a variable number of data records for each quotation date and term type. There are no sample programs available for this file.

Figure 4: Fixed Term Indices File Structure and Layout

TERMTYPE[1]	QDATE[1]	CRSPID [1]	YEARSTM[1]	RETADJ[1]	YTM[1]	ACCINT[1]	DURATN[1]	BID[1]	ASK[1]
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TERMTYPE[1]	QDATE[N]	CRSPID [N]	YEARSTM[N]	RETADJ[N]	YTM[N]	ACCINT[1]	DURATN[N]	BID[N]	ASK[N]
TERMTYPE[2]	QDATE[1]	CRSPID [1]	YEARSTM[1]	RETADJ[1]	YTM[1]	ACCINT[1]	DURATN[1]	BID[1]	ASK[1]
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TERMTYPE[N]	QDATE[N]	CRSPID [N]	YEARSTM[N]	RETADJ[N]	YTM[N]	ACCINT[N]	DURATN[N]	BID[N]	ASK[N]

CHAPTER THREE: DATA DEFINITIONS

OVERVIEW

This chapter provides the names, definitions and data types of the data variables in the Monthly CRSP US Treasury Database.

INSIDE

Data Definitions	Page 13
CALENDAR - Calendar and Government Rates	
HEADER - Issue Identification, Characteristics, and Data Ranges	
QUOTES - Raw Data	
YIELDS - Derived Data	
DEBT - Amounts Outstanding	
PAYMENTS - Interest Payments	
CRSP Fixed Term Indices Files	

CHAPTER 3: DATA DEFINITIONS

This section gives descriptions of the data items provided in the files. Each description is preceded with a line containing two items bolded:

- ⊗ The Variable Name
- ⊗ A Short Description of the Data Represented
- ⊗ Data Types

The data items in this section are grouped logically according to six data types:

1. **CALENDAR** - Trading Calendar and Government Rates
2. **HEADER** - Issue Identification, Characteristics, and Data Ranges
3. **QUOTES** - Raw Pricing Data
4. **YIELDS** - Derived Yields, Duration, Returns, and Accrued Interest
5. **DEBT** - Amounts Outstanding
6. **PAYMENTS** - Interest Payments

Certain data types are available organized by issue and by date (See the figures in Chapter 2). More complete information on accessing the data items using variables in CRSP FORTRAN and C programs is contained in Chapter 4.

Information on the Fixed Term Indices File is available in this chapter.

CALENDAR - Calendar and Government Rates

The BXCAL structure contains the trading calendar and summary information for each date in the CRSP US Treasury Database. The three types of information include:

1. Trading calendar quote dates and delivery dates.
2. Government rates for certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and federal funds.
3. Counts of trading US Government securities.

QDATE	Date of Quotation, in YYYYMMDD Format	integer
--------------	--	----------------

QDATE contains the trading quote dates for the files. These dates are stored in form YYYYMMDD (year, month, and date).

DELDTAT	Delivery Date, in YYYYMMDD Format	integer
----------------	--	----------------

DELDTAT contains the delivery date for a corresponding quote date. These dates are stored in the form YYYYMMDD (year, month, date).

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York the source from January 1962 through October 15, 1996, assumed cash transactions on delivery date. The delivery date usually fell two business days after the quotation date. GovPX, the source from October 16, 1996, reports delivery data the next business day after the end quote date.

CD1M	One-Month Certificate of Deposit Rate	real
-------------	--	-------------

Certificate of deposit rate is the average of secondary market morning offering rates for time certificates of deposit of major money market banks. It is an unsecured note issued by companies for short-term borrowing purposes.

CD3M	Three-Month Certificate of Deposit Rate	real
-------------	--	-------------

CD6M	Six-Month Certificate of Deposit Rate	real
-------------	--	-------------

CP30D	30-Day Commercial Paper Rate	real
--------------	-------------------------------------	-------------

Commercial paper rate is an average of posted 10 a.m. offering rates of five dealers. Rates are quoted on a discount basis. It is an unsecured note issued by companies for short-term borrowing purposes. Commercial paper is frequently sold by the issuer direct to the investor, the latter normally being institutions, viz. money-market fund, insurance companies, corporations, bank trust departments and pension funds. Commercial paper is also placed by intermediary banks or securities dealers.

CP60D	60-Day Commercial Paper Rate	real
--------------	-------------------------------------	-------------

CP90D	90-Day Commercial Paper Rate	real
--------------	-------------------------------------	-------------

FFEFRT	Federal Funds Effective Rate	real
---------------	-------------------------------------	-------------

The effective rate is a weighted average of the rates on overnight Federal funds transactions arranged by federal funds brokers. It is the rate of interest charged on federal funds loaned by and to commercial banks. It is regarded by the Federal Reserve System regulator authorities as an important determinant of bank liquidity.

FFMINR	Federal Funds Minimum Trading Range	real
---------------	--	-------------

FFMAXR	Federal Funds Maximum Trading Range	real
NUMACT	Number of Active Issues	integer
	The number of active US Treasury issues quoted on a quotation date.	

HEADER - Issue Identification, Characteristics, and Data Ranges

This structure contains header information for issues. There are three types of information included:

1. Identification assigned by CRSP or CUSIP to uniquely identify the issue.
2. Characteristics of the issue set by the treasury, such as interest dates and callable status.
3. Data ranges, including the date ranges of quotes, the number of amounts outstanding, and the number of interest payments.

CRSPID	CRSP Assigned Unique Issue Identification Number	character*15
---------------	---	---------------------

The CRSPID is in the format YYYYMMDD.TCCCCCE, where:

YYYY	=	Maturity Year
MM	=	Maturity Month
DD	=	Maturity Day
T	=	Type Of Issue (TYPE)
CCCC	=	Integer Part of (COUPRT x 100)
E	=	Uniqueness Number (UNIQ)

For example, 19850515.504250 identifies a 4 1/4% callable bond which matures May 15, 1985. For callable notes and bonds, the YYYY portion of the CRSPID contains only the final maturity date of the issue and not the first eligible call date for that issue.

The variable CRSPID is a composite of other variables. Mathematical operations to retrieve parts of the CRSPID are unnecessary when using the Master File.

TYPE	Type of Issue	integer
-------------	----------------------	----------------

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | Noncallable bond |
| 2 | Noncallable note |
| 3 | Certificate of indebtedness |
| 4 | Treasury Bill |
| 5 | Callable bond |
| 6 | Callable note |
| 7 | Tax Anticipation Certificate of Indebtedness |
| 8 | Tax Anticipation Bill |
| 9 | Other — this flags issues with unusual provisions. See Appendix A |

MATDT	Maturity Date at Time of Issue, in YYYYMMDD Format	integer
--------------	---	----------------

COUPRT	Coupon Rate (percent per annum)	real*8
---------------	--	---------------

UNIQ	Uniqueness Number	integer
-------------	--------------------------	----------------

Uniqueness number assigned to CRSPID if maturity date, coupon rate and type are not sufficient to distinguish between two securities; 0 otherwise.

WHY	Reason for End of Data on File	integer
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 Still quoted on last update of file 1 Matured 2 Called for redemption 3 All exchanged 4 Sources no longer quote issue 	
DATDT	Date Dated by Treasury, in YYYYMMDD Format	integer
	Coupon issues accrue interest beginning on the dated date. This may result in a modified first coupon payment if the dated date is not a regular interest payment date.	
	DATDT is 0 if it is not available or not applicable, as is the case with Treasury bills.	
BANKDT	Bank Eligibility Date at Time of Issue, in YYYYMMDD Format	integer
	The earliest date at which a security is to become "bank eligible". A security is bank eligible if a bank may own it. Some 2 1/2%'s and 2 1/4%'s issued during and immediately after WWII limited negotiability because of prohibitions and restrictions on bank ownership.	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 no restrictions apply YYYYMMDD restrictions removed or scheduled to have been removed on this date 	
	All remaining restrictions were removed on January 1, 1955. The last bank eligible CRSPID in the file is dated November 15, 1945 and matured on December 15, 1972.	
FCALDT	First Eligible Call Date at Time of Issue, in YYYYMMDD Format	integer
	FCALDT is 0 if the security is not callable. All interest payment dates beginning with the first eligible call date are possible future call dates.	
YMCNOT	Year and Month of First Call Notice, in YYYYMMDD Format	integer
	YMCNOT is 0 if not called or not callable.	
NOTICE	Notice Required on Callable Issues	integer
TAX	Taxability of Interest	integer
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Fully taxable for federal income tax purposes 2 Partially tax exempt, i.e. interest of first \$3000 of bonds of this class, at par value, exempt from tax subject to surtax but not to normal tax 3 Wholly tax exempt 	
FLOWER	Payment of Estate Tax Code.	integer
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 No special status 2 Acceptable at par and accrued interest if owned by decedent at time of death; a flower bond 3 Acceptable at par and accrued interest if owned by decedent during entire 6 month period preceding death; a flower bond 	

NIPPY **Number of Interest Payments Per Year** **integer**

- 0 Treasury bill or certificate paying interest only at maturity
- 1 Annual interest
- 2 Semi-annual interest
- 3 Quarterly interest

All interest-bearing negotiable Treasury securities issued since the beginning of WWI have paid interest semi-annually. The last outstanding issue that paid interest quarterly was the Panama Canal Loan 3%’s due June 1, 1961.

FCPDT **First Coupon Payment Date, in YYYYMMDD Format** **integer**

FCPDT is 0 if not applicable. FCPDTF indicates whether the first coupon date is an estimate or a verified date.

FCPDTF **First Coupon Payment Date Flag** **integer**

- 0 Treasury bill or not applicable
- 1 First coupon date is estimated from the normal coupon payment cycle
- 1 First coupon date has been verified on the Treasury Offering Circular

VALFC **Amount of First Coupon Per \$100 Face Value** **real*8**

CUSIP **CUSIP Number** **character*8**

A CUSIP number (Committee on Uniform Securities Identification Procedures) is an identifying number assigned to a publicly-traded security. A nine-digit code is permanently assigned to each issue and is generally printed on the face of the security if it is in physical form. The first eight digits are included in the CRSP file. The ninth digit is a check digit derived from the first eight digits. Missing CUSIPs are assigned the value OXX. The earliest maturity on the file with a CUSIP is February 15, 1969.

NAME **Name of Government Security** **character*8**

Name	ITYPE	Explanation
BILL	4	
T_A_BILL	8	Tax Anticipation
T_A_CTF	7	Tax Anticipation
BOND	1,5,9	
CNV_BOND	1	Convertible
CONSOL	9	Consol
CTF	3,7,9	Certificate of Deposit
NOTE	0,2,6,9	
1LL_BOND	5	First Liberty Loan
1LL_CV	5	1LL First Conversion
1LL_2CNV	5	1LL Second Conversion
2LL_BOND	5	Second Liberty Loan
2LL_CNV	5	2LL First Loan Conversion
3LL_BOND	1	Third Liberty
4LL_BOND	9	Fourth Liberty Loan
4LL_CALL	9	Fourth Liberty Loan called
PCL_BOND	1,5	Panama Canal Loan

FSTQUO	Day Number of Issue's First Quote on File	integer
	The QDATE array can be used to translate day numbers into YYYYMMDD format dates.	
LSTQUO	Day Number of Issue's Last Quote	integer
	The QDATE array can be used to translate day numbers into YYYYMMDD format dates. An issue that matures typically stops trading on the first quote date with a delivery date greater than or equal to the issue's maturity date.	
FSTYLD	Day Number of Issue's First Yield	integer
	The QDATE array can be used to translate day numbers into YYYYMMDD format dates.	
LSTYLD	Day Number of Issue's Last Yield	integer
	The QDATE array can be used to translate day numbers into YYYYMMDD format dates. An issue that matures typically stops trading on the first quote date with a delivery date greater than or equal to the issue's maturity date.	
NUMPAY	Number of Interest Payments	integer
	Count of observations in BMPAY structure.	
NUMDBT	Number of Amount Outstanding Observations	integer
	Count of valid observations in the BMDEBT structure.	

QUOTES - Raw Data

CRSP-generated data, such as yield and duration, are calculated from secondary market cash transaction prices. CRSP derives its data from the bid and ask prices. CRSP data are calculated based on cash transactions on the quotation date. CRSP's primary data sources assume cash transactions on delivery date. Quotes from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York usually have a delivery date two business days after the quotation date. Quotes from GovPX usually have a delivery date one business day after the quotation date. The delivery date usually falls two business days after the quotation date. CRSP takes this into account when verifying the internal consistency of the files.

When-issued prices are included in the file when quoted. Any price with a quote date before an issues' dated date is classified when-issued.

Quotes are present in the Master and Cross-Sectional files. In the Master File, the quotes are sorted by issue, then date. For any issue, header variables FSTQUO and LSTQUO can be used to delimit the day numbers of the range. In the Cross-Sectional File, the quotes are sorted by date, then issue. For any quote date, calendar variable NUMACT contains the number of quotes available.

CRSPID **CRSP Assigned Unique Issue Identification Number** **character*15**

See CRSPID on page 16.

QDATE **Date of Quotation in YYYYMMDD Format** **integer**

See QDATE on page 14.

BID & ASK **Prices** **real*8**

The bid price is the price at which a buyer is willing to purchase a security. The ask price is the price at which the seller is offering to sell the security.

Arrays BID and ASK contain day-end bid and ask information, when available for each quote date prior to maturity. If BID and ASK are not available, whatever quote information is available is used and coded using the following conventions:

Information in Data Source	BID	ASK
Bid and Ask	Bid	Ask
Mean of Bid and Ask	Mean	Mean
Bid only	Bid	-Bid
Ask only	-Ask	Ask
Sale (last trading price)	Sale	0
No price Sale	0	0

SOURCE **Primary Data Source** **character*1**

R Federal Reserve Bank of New York
S Salomon Brothers
W Wall Street Journal (Associated Press: 6/14/61-8/20/87, Bloomberg: 8/28/87-7/2/90, Bear-
 Stearns: 12/4/90-present)
M No quote was available
X GovPX, Inc.

YIELDS - Derived Data

For bonds that have been called, or are likely to be called, the original maturity date is no longer valid for computing duration and yield. In these cases the anticipated call date is used as the working maturity date.

The following note applies to the variables promised daily yield (YIELD) and duration (DURATN).

Status	Yield and Duration Computed to
Called	Next call date
Callable and priced at a premium	Next call date
Callable and priced at a discount	Maturity date
Not callable	Maturity date

Users should be cautious in interpreting yields based on issues close to maturity. Quotes on these instruments are not always reliable due to infrequent trading.

Yields are present in the Master and Cross-Sectional files. In the Master File, the yields are sorted by issue, then date. For any issue, header variables FSTYLD and LSTYLD can be used to delimit the day numbers of the range. In the Cross-Sectional File, the yields are sorted by date, then issue. For any quote date, calendar variable NUMACT contains the number of yields available.

CRSPID **CRSP Assigned Unique Issue Identification Number** **character*15**

See CRSPID on page 16.

QDATE **Date of Quotation in YYYYMMDD Format** **integer**

See QDATE on page 14.

ACCINT **Total Accrued Interest at End of Day** **real*8**

Accrued interest on U.S. Treasury marketable securities is calculated on the basis of the number of days between interest payment dates for a \$100 bond or note. Interest is accrued either from the last interest payment date or the dated date (when an interest payment has not yet occurred) to the quotation date.

YLD **Promised Daily Yield** **real*8**

YLD is the promised yield daily rate, also called daily yield to maturity.

At any date, the promised yield of a security is the single interest or discount rate which makes the sum of the present values of the principle at maturity and future interest payments be precisely equal to the flat price of the security. The flat price is the nominal price, e.g., mean of BID and ASK, plus the accrued interest on the date in question. If a price is missing, the YLD is set to -99.

RETNUA	Unadjusted Return	real*8
---------------	--------------------------	---------------

RETNUA is price change plus interest, divided by last day's price. It is set to a large negative number for days in which a return cannot be calculated, i.e. if the price is missing for either this day or last day. Missing returns are set to -99.

$$RETNUA = \frac{XNUM}{XDEN}, \text{ where}$$

When BID and ASK available:

$$\begin{aligned} XDEN &= \frac{BID(I-1) + ASK(I-1)}{2} + ACCINT(I-1) \\ XNUM &= \frac{BID(I) + ASK(I)}{2} - \frac{BID(I-1) + ASK(I-1)}{2} + YINT \\ YINT &= PDINT(I) + ACCINT(I) - ACCINT(I-1) \end{aligned}$$

For all other cases:

$$\begin{aligned} XNUM &= BID(I) - BID(I-1) + YINT \\ XDEN &= BID(I-1) + ACCINT(I-1) \\ YINT &= PDINT(I) + ACCINT(I) - ACCINT(I-1) \end{aligned}$$

DURATN	Duration (Macaulay's Duration)	real*8
---------------	---------------------------------------	---------------

Duration is the weighted average number of days until the cash flows occur, where the present values, discounted by yield to maturity, of each payment are used as the weights¹. Also known as Macaulay's Duration.

If, $P_{t_0}, P_{t_2}, \dots, P_{t_n}$ are the present values at time t_0 of payment promised at perhaps unequally spaced

time intervals t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n then the duration of that promised stream measured at t_0 is:²

1. *Some Theoretical Problems of Interest Rates, Bond Yields and Stock Prices in the United States Since 1856*. Frederick R. MacAulay, National Bureau of Economic Research, 1938, 44-53.

2. Coping with the Risk of Interest-Rate Fluctuations: Returns to Bondholders from Naive and Optimal Strategies, Lawrence Fisher and Roman L. Weil, *Journal of Business*, vol. 44, 415.

DEBT - Amounts Outstanding

Amounts outstanding are present in the Master File, sorted by issue and date. The header variable NUMDBT contains the number of records available for an issue. These values are typically reported monthly. Total amounts outstanding are obtained from the *Monthly Statement of the Public Debt of the United States*. The amounts publicly held are obtained from the quarterly *Treasury Bulletin*. The *Treasury Bulletin* was reported monthly before 1983.

CRSPID	CRSP Assigned Unique Issue Identification Number	character*15
---------------	---	---------------------

See CRSPID on page 16.

DQDATE	Effective Date of Amount Outstanding Values in YYYYMMDD Format	integer
---------------	---	----------------

TOTOUT	Face Value Outstanding	integer
---------------	-------------------------------	----------------

Amount (face value) issued and still outstanding in millions of dollars. Set to 0 for unknown values up to December 31, 1961 and set to -1 for unavailable values after December 31, 1961.

PUBOUT	Publicly Held Face Value Outstanding	integer
---------------	---	----------------

Amount (face value) held by the public in millions of dollars. This is the total amount outstanding (TOTOUT) minus the amount held in U.S. Government accounts and Federal Reserve Banks. This amount is not available for Treasury Bills and is always set to 0. For other issues, set to 0 for unknown values up to December 31, 1961 and set to -1 for unavailable values after December 31, 1961. After December 31, 1982, these numbers are reported quarterly instead of monthly and the reported values are carried forward for the next two months.

PAYMENTS - Interest Payments

Payments are present in the Master File, sorted by issue and date. The values are derived from the frequency and amount of coupon payments, the first coupon date, value of first coupon, and maturity date. Payments are only stored for the time range of an issue's quotes. Bills have no payment records.

CRSPID	CRSP Assigned Unique Issue Identification Number	character*15
---------------	---	---------------------

See CRSPID on page 16.

PQDATE	Interest Payment Dates, in YYYYMMDD Format	integer
---------------	---	----------------

PDINT	Interest Paid	real*8
--------------	----------------------	---------------

PDINT is the coupon payable on the interest payment date.

CRSP Fixed Term Indices Files

The Fixed Term Indices Files contain 1, 2, 5, 7, 10, 20 and 30 year Fixed Term Indices. These issues are sorted by termtype, which distinguishes the length of maturity. A valid issue that best represents each term is chosen at the end of each month for each of the above referenced fixed terms. A valid issue is one that is at least one half year prior to the target maturity date and is fully taxable. The selection process filters a representative bond from each of the fixed term groups. The first selection criteria are; a non-callable, non-flower bond that is closest to the target maturity of its group and fully taxable. If more than one issue remains, and/or none are available which fit the above criteria, they are then respectively filtered on the basis of flower bonds acceptable at par, and accrued interest if owned by descendent at time of death.

These values were designed to plot a sophisticated yield curve and the user may reference the yields with returns, prices and durations.

Data for the Fixed Term Indices Daily Files begins June 14, 1961. Maturities are as follows:

Termtype	Index
3012	30 year
2012	20 year
1012	10 year
712	7 year
512	5 year
212	2 year
112	1 year

Indices Variable Items

ACCINT **Total Accrued Interest at End of Day** **real*8**

Accrued interest on U.S. Treasury marketable securities is calculated on the basis of the number of days between interest payment dates for a \$100 bond or note. Interest is accrued either from the last interest payment date or the dated date (when an interest payment has not yet occurred) to the quotation date.

BID & ASK **Prices** **real*8**

The bid price is the price at which a buyer is willing to purchase a security. The ask price is the price at which the seller is offering to sell the security.

Arrays BID and ASK contain day-end bid and ask information when available for each quote date prior to maturity.

Information in Data Source	BID	ASK
No price	0	0
Sale	Sale	0
Bid only	Bid	-Bid
Ask only	-Ask	Ask
Bid and Ask	Bid	Ask
Mean of Bid and Ask	Mean	Mean

CRSPID **CRSP Assigned Unique Issue Identification Number** **character*15**

The CRSPID is in the format YYYYMMDD.TCCCCE, where:

YYYY	=	Maturity Year
MM	=	Maturity Month
DD	=	Maturity Day
T	=	Type Of Issue (TYPE)
CCCC	=	Integer Part of (COUPRT x 100)
E	=	Uniqueness Number (UNIQ)

For example, 19850515.504250 identifies a 41/4% callable bond which matures May 15, 1985. For callable notes and bonds, the YYYY portion of the CRSPID contains only the final maturity date of the issue and not the first eligible call date for that issue.

DURATN	Duration (Macaulay's Duration)	real*8
---------------	---------------------------------------	---------------

Duration is the weighted average number of days until the cash flows occur, where the present values, discounted by yield to maturity, of each payment are used as the weights¹. Also known as Macaulay's Duration.

If $P_{t_0}, P_{t_2}, \dots, P_{t_n}$ are the present values at time t_0 of payment promised at perhaps unequally spaced time intervals t_1, t_2, \dots, t_n then the duration of that promised stream measured at t_0 is:²

$$D_{t_0} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{j=n} (t_j - t_0) P_{t_j}}{\sum_{j=1}^{j=n} P_{t_j}} = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^{j=n} t_j P_{t_j}}{\sum_{j=1}^{j=n} P_{t_j}} - t_0$$

QDATE	Date of Quotation, in YYYYMMDD Format	integer
--------------	--	----------------

QDATE contains the Trading Quote Dates for the Bond Files. These dates are stored in the form YYYYMMDD (year, month, and date).

RETADJ	Daily Holding Period Return	real*8
---------------	------------------------------------	---------------

RETADJ is the daily holding period return expressed as a percentage.

$$RETADJ(I) = 100 * RETNUA(I)$$

TERMTYPE	Index Identification Number	integer
-----------------	------------------------------------	----------------

Fixed term index identification number links all results in the Fixed-Term Indices File. The identification is typically in the form YYYYMM, where YYYY is the number of years to maturity of issues selected in the index and MM is the number of months an issue is held once selected before another is chosen.

YEARSTM	Years to Maturity	integer
----------------	--------------------------	----------------

Number of years left to maturity. In the fixed term index files, YEARSTM contains the time left to maturity of the selected issue as of the quote date, expressed annually as a decimal amount.

YTM	Annualized Yield	real*8
------------	-------------------------	---------------

YTM is the annualized YIELD to maturity expressed as a percent per annum. See YIELDS: YIELD.

$$YTM(I) = 100 * [YLD(I) * 365]$$

1. *Some Theoretical Problems of Interest Rates, Bond Yields and Stock Prices in the United States Since 1856*. Frederick R. Macaulay, National Bureau of Economic Research, 1938, 44-53.

2. Coping with the Risk of Interest-Rate Fluctuations: Returns to Bondholders from Naive and Optimal Strategies, Lawrence Fisher and Roman L. Weil, Journal of Business, vol. 44, 415.

CHAPTER FOUR: ACCESSING THE DATA

OVERVIEW

This chapter provides sample programs written in FORTRAN 77, and describes the ASCII, Excel and SAS Files.

INSIDE

4.1 Use of CRSP Sample Programs	Page 30
4.2 Description of Programs	Page 32
FORTRAN Sample Programs	
FORTRAN Access Subroutines	
FORTRAN Utility Subroutines	
FORTRAN Include Files	
C Sample Programs	
C Access Routines	
C Utility Routines	
C Input/Output Routines	
C Include Files	
4.3 File Specifications	Page 60
Master File Specifications	
Cross-Sectional File Specifications	
Fixed Term Indices File Specifications	
Excel Files	
Microsoft Excel Support Disclaimer	
SAS Files	
SAS Support Disclaimer	

CHAPTER 4: ACCESSING THE DATA

The Daily CRSP US Treasury Database is available in ASCII, Excel, and SAS.

1. The ASCII files, closely structured to the format formerly provided on the tape, work with the included C and FORTRAN sample programs and subroutines and can be used to load into various other programs. These files were used to create the Excel and SAS files. See Section 4.3 for details about the ASCII file specifications for the Master (MBM) File, the associated Header File, Cross Sectional (MBX) File and the Fixed Term Indices File. Section 4.2 contains descriptions of the sample programs and subroutines.
2. The Excel Workbook files may contain multiple worksheets per file. The large master and cross-sectional files were not converted into Excel because of their size. See Section 4.3 for details about the Excel file and worksheet layout.
3. The SAS files contain the entire Master File. They were combined and are distributed in one large transport file created in SAS PROC CPORT, to support SAS's many different platforms and data engines. Sample SAS code is provided to create Cross Sectional Files from the Master Files. See Section 4.3 for detail on the SAS File layout.

4.1 Use of CRSP Sample Programs

In this section you will learn how to convert the master and cross-sectional data from character format to binary format, and how to use the sample programs to access the data.

Programs were developed on an OpenVMS system and tested on Sun OS Unix. Standard FORTRAN and C functions were used whenever possible, but users will have to make minor modifications to open statements and include files on some systems.

In the FORTRAN sources the open statements are performed in the sample programs only, the access and utility subroutines assume that all files are already opened.

The C programs and subroutines use generic input/output functions, so only these routines should need to be modified. The generic C input/output routines are contained in the file `file_fncts.c`. Some modifications are also necessary in the FORTRAN sample programs that call the C access routines, according to specific compiler requirements regarding passing parameters between C and FORTRAN. The provided programs and listings are specific to VMS C compiler.

Modify the include statements and open statements in the programs and subroutines according to your system and compiler. Compile the subroutines and include them in an object library. We suggest creating separate libraries for FORTRAN and C sources.

Compile the sample programs and link them with the libraries. The sample programs can be modified to meet your requirements.

Run `bmc_bmb_conv` to create the binary calendar file and the binary Master File. Provide as parameter the path of the directory of the data files.

Run `bxc_bxb_conv` to create the binary Cross-Sectional File. Provide as parameter the path of the directory of the data files.

Unix Modifications

The file input/output and the compatibility between FORTRAN and C must be changed on some systems. The following changes should be made to CRSP programs to run the code provided on a SunOS Unix system.

Replace header files `<unixio.h>` and `<file.h>` with `<fcntl.h>`

Add `#define SEEK_SET 0`

If `<fcntl.h>` does not exist in your system, modify the open and lseek system calls in `file_fncts.c` to remove VMS-specific options, for example:

```
—... if ((fdes = open(buf, 0)) == -1) { ...
—... if ((ret_index = lseek(fdes,offset,0)) != offset) { ...
```

Files that are created by binary conversion will need permissions set with the `chmod` command.

For the C functions called by FORTRAN (the `bmbbrdk.c` and `bxbbrdk.c` files) you should modify the name of the functions by adding an `"_"` at the very end of the name. For example, `bmbclo_()` will become `bmbclo_()`. This is because the FORTRAN compiler adds an `'_'` at the end of the name of a function in the library.

For the FORTRAN source calling the C functions, take out all `%REF` from the passed parameters.

4.2 Description of Programs

CRSP provides FORTRAN and C subroutines and sample programs that can be used to access the data in Master or Cross-Sectional File formats. The FORTRAN programs can sequentially read the character files provided and C programs can sequentially or randomly read the character files provided. In addition, there are C programs that can convert the data files to binary and C and FORTRAN programs that can read sequentially or randomly the binary files created.

The following table shows how data items can be accessed in the FORTRAN programs for Master or Cross-Sectional Files. The table is ordered by data item names as described in Section 3. Usage shows whether the data item is being accessed in Master or Cross-Sectional Files. The calendar is available in both groups of files. Common block names are not used when directly accessing a variable in a program.

Data Items vs. FORTRAN Variable Usage

Group	Data Item Name	FORTRAN Data Type	Usage	FORTRAN variable with Common Block	Index I Between
CALENDAR	QDATE	INTEGER	Calendar	/BXCAL/QDATE[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
			Cross-Sectional	/BXCAL/XQDATE	n/a
	DELDAT	INTEGER	Calendar	/BXCAL/DELDAT[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	CD1M	REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CD1M[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	CD3M	REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CDM3M[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	CD6M	REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CD6M[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	CP30D	REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CP30D[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	CP60D	REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CP60D[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	CP90D	REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/CP90D[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	FFEFRT	REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/FFEFRT[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	FFMINR	REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/FFMINR[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	FFMAXR	REAL	Calendar	/BXCAL/FFMAXR[I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
	NUMACT	INTEGER	Calendar	/BXCAL/NUMACT [I]	1 and /BXCAL/NQDAT
			Cross-Sectional	/BXHEAD/XNUM	n/a
HEADER	CRSPID	CHARACTER*15	Master	/BMHEAD/CRSPID	n/a
			Cross-Sectional	/BMHEAD/CRSPID[I]	1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
	TYPE	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/TYPE	n/a
	MATDT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/MATDT	n/a
	COUPRT	REAL*8	Master	/BMHEAD/COUPRT	n/a
	UNIQ	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/UNIQ	n/a
	WHY	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/WHY	n/a
	DATDT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/DATDT	n/a
	BANKDT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/BANKDT	n/a
	FCALDT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FCALDT	n/a
	YMCNOT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/YMCNOT	n/a
	NOTICE	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/NOTICE	n/a
	TAX	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/TAX	n/a
	FLOWER	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FLOWER	n/a
	NIPPY	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/NIPPY	n/a
	FCPDT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FCPDT	n/a
	FCPDTF	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FCPDTF	n/a
	VALFC	REAL*8	Master	/BMHEAD/VALFC	n/a
	CUSIP	CHARACTER*8	Master	/BMHEAD/CUSIP	n/a
	NAME	CHARACTER*8	Master	/BMHEAD/NAME	n/a
	FSTQUO	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FSTQUO	n/a
	LSTQUO	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/LSTQUO	n/a
	FSTYLD	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/FSTYLD	n/a
	LSTYLD	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/LSTYLD	n/a
	NUMPAY	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/NUMPAY	n/a
	NUMDBT	INTEGER	Master	/BMHEAD/NUMDBT	n/a

Group	Data Item Name	FORTRAN Data Type	Usage	FORTRAN variable with Common Block	Index I Between
QUOTES	BID	REAL*8	Master	/BMQUO/BID[I]	/BMHEAD/FSTQUO and /BMHEAD/LSTQUO1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
			Cross-Sectional	/BXQUO/BID[I]	
	ASK	REAL*8	Master	/BMQUO/ASK[I]	/BMHEAD/FSTQUO and /BMHEAD/LSTQUO
			Cross-Sectional	/BXQUO/ASK[I]	/BXQUO/ASK[I] 1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
	SOURCE	CHARACTER*1	Master	/BMQUO/SOURCE[I]	/BMHEAD/FSTQUO and /BMHEAD/LSTQUO
			Cross-Sectional	/BXQUO/SOURCE[I]	1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
YIELDS	ACCINT	REAL*8	Master	/BMYLD/ACCINT[I]	/BMHEAD/FSTYLD and /BMHEAD/LSTYLD
			Cross-Sectional	/BXYLD/ACCINT[I]	1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
	YLD	REAL*8	Master	/BMYLD/YLD[I]	/BMHEAD/FSTYLD and /BMHEAD/LSTYLD
			Cross-Sectional	/BXYLD/YLD[I]	1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
	RETNUA	REAL*8	Master	/BMYLD/RETNUA[I]	/BMHEAD/FSTYLD and /BMHEAD/LSTYLD
			Cross-Sectional	/BXYLD/RETNUA[I]	1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
	DURATN	REAL*8	Master	/BMYLD/DURATN[I]	/BMHEAD/FSTYLD and /BMHEAD/LSTYLD
			Cross-Sectional	/BXYLD/DURATN[I]	1 and /BXHEAD/XNUM
DEBT	DQDATE	INTEGER	Master	/BMDEBT/DQDATE[I]	1 and /BMHEAD/NUMDBT
	TOTOUT	INTEGER	Master	/BMDEBT/TOTOUT[I]	1 and /BMHEAD/NUMDBT
	PUBOUT	INTEGER	Master	/BMDEBT/PUBOUT[I]	1 and /BMHEAD/NUMDBT
PAYMENTS	PQDATE	INTEGER	Master	/BMPAY/PQDATE[I]	1 and /BMHEAD/NUMPAY
	PDINT	REAL*8	Master	/BMPAY/PDINT[I]	1 and /BMHEAD/NUMPAY

The following table shows how data items can be accessed in the C programs for Master or Cross-Sectional Files. The table is ordered by data item names as described in Section 3. Usage shows whether the data items is being accessed in Master or Cross-Sectional Files. The calendar is available in both groups of files.

Data Items vs. C Variable Usage

Group	Data Item Name	C Data Type	Usage	C Variable with Structure	Index i Between
CALENDAR	QDATE	int	Calendar	bxcal.qdat [i]	1 and nbx_cal
			Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxhead.qdate	n/a
	DELDAT	int	Calendar	bxcal.deldat [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CD1M	float	Calendar	bxcal.cd1m [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CD3M	float	Calendar	bxcal.cdm3m [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CD6M	float	Calendar	bxcal.cd6m [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CP30D	float	Calendar	bxcal.cp30d [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CP60D	float	Calendar	bxcal.cp60d [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	CP90D	float	Calendar	bxcal.cp90d [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	FFERT	float	Calendar	bxcal.ffeprt [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	FFMINR	float	Calendar	bxcal.ffmpegr [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	FFMAXR	float	Calendar	bxcal.ffmpegr [i]	1 and nbx_cal
	NUMACT	int	Calendar	bxcal.numact [i]	1 and nbx_cal
			Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxhead.numact	n/a
HEADER	CRSPID	Char[16]	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.crspid	n/a
			Cross-Sectional	bm_struct.bmquo.crspid [i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact
			Cross-Sectional	bm_struct.bmyld.crspid [i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact
	TYPE	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.type	n/a
	MATDT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.matdt	n/a
	COUPRT	double	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.coupert	n/a
	UNIQ	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.uniq	n/a
	WHY	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.why	n/a
	DATDT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.datdt	n/a
	BANKDT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.bankdt	n/a
	FCALDT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.fcaldt	n/a
	YMCNOT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.ymcnot	n/a
	NOTICE	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.notice	n/a
	TAX	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.tax	n/a
	FLOWER	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.flower	n/a
	FCPDT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.fcpdt	n/a
	FCPDTF	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.fcpdtf	n/a
	VALFC	double	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.valfc	n/a
	CUSIP	char[9]	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.cusip	n/a
	NAME	char[9]	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.name	n/a
	FSTQUO	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.fstquo	n/a
	LSTQUO	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.lstquo	n/a
	FSTYLD	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.fstyld	n/a
	LSTYLD	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.lstyld	n/a
	NUMPAY	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.numpay	n/a
	NUMDBT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmhead.numdbt	n/a
QUOTES	BID	double	Master	bm_struct.bmquo.bid[i]	bm_struct.bmhead.fstquo and bm_struct.bmhead.lstquo
			Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxquo.bid [i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact
	ASK	double	Master	bm_struct.bmquo.ask [i]	bm_struct.bmhead.fstquo and bm_struct.bmhead.lstquo
			Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxquo.ask[i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact
	SOURCE	char	Master	bm_struct.bmquo.source [i]	bm_struct.bmhead.fstquo and bm_struct.bmhead.lstquo
			Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxquo.source [i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact
YIELDS	ACCINT	double	Master	bm_struct.bmyld.accint [i]	bm_struct.bmhead.fstyld and bm_struct.bmhead.lstyld
			Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxyld.accint [i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact
	YLD	double	Master	bm_struct.bmyld.yld [i]	bm_struct.bmhead.fstyld and bm_struct.bmhead.lstyld
			Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxyld.yld[i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact
	RETNUA	double	Master	bm_struct.bmyld.retnua [i]	bm_struct.bmhead.fstyld and bm_struct.bmhead.lstyld
			Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxyld.retnua [i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact
	DURATN	double	Master	bm_struct.bmyld.duratn [i]	bm_struct.bmhead.fstyld and bm_struct.bmhead.lstyld
			Cross-Sectional	bx_struct.bxyld.duratn [i]	0 and <bx_struct.bxhead.numact

Group	Data Item Name	C Data Type	Usage	C Variable with Structure	Index i Between
DEBT	DQDATE	int	Master	bm_struct.bmdebt.qdate [i]	0 and <bm_struct.bmhead.numdbt
	TOTOUT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmdebt.totout [i]	0 and <bm_struct.bmhead.numdbt
	PUBOUT	int	Master	bm_struct.bmdebt.pubout [i]	0 and <bm_struct.bmhead.numdbt
PAYMENTS	PQDATE	int	Master	bm_struct.bmpay.qdate [i]	0 and <bm_struct.bmhead.numpay
	PDINT	double	Master	bm_struct.bmdebt.pdint [i]	0 and <bm_struct.bmhead.numpay

FORTTRAN Sample Programs

The sample programs give short examples of how to access the data with the access routines using FORTRAN. The first two give basic examples of the FORTRAN sequential access to the character files, while the last four illustrate both sequential and random access to the binary files, using C access routines which are described later in this chapter. To use a sample program, copy it to your directory, edit the program to meet your needs and run according to the instructions inside the program.

Character Files

BMSAMP Program *BMSAMP* reads the character calendar file and the character Master File. *BMSAMP* first calls subroutine *BXCGTC* to read the character calendar file into the common block */BXCAL/*. *BMSAMP* then makes successive calls to *BMGETC*, each call reading all data for one issue from data files into the common blocks */BMHEAD/* (header information), */BMQUO/* (quotes information), */BMYLD/* (yield information), */BMDEBT/* (debt information) and */BMPAY/* (payment information).

BXSAMP Program *BXSAMP* reads the character calendar file and the character Cross-Sectional File. *BXSAMP* first calls subroutine *BXCGTC* to read the character calendar file into the common block */BXCAL/*. *BXSAMP* then makes successive calls to *BXGETC*, each call reading all data for one quote date from the data files into the common blocks */BXHEAD/* (header information), */BXQUO/* (quotes information), */BXYLD/* (yield information).

Binary Files

BMBFOR Program *BMBFOR* reads sequentially the binary Master Files using C access functions. *BMBFOR* calls subroutine *BMBRDK* to read a *BM_STRUCT* structure. It also calls *BMBOPE* to open the files and load the index and *BMBCLC* to close the files.

BMBRAN Program *BMBRAN* reads randomly the binary Master Files using C access functions. *BMBRAN* calls subroutine *BMBRDK* to read a *BM_STRUCT* structure. It also calls *BMBOPE* to open the files and *BMBCLC* to close the files.

BXBFOR Program *BXBFOR* reads sequentially the binary Cross-Sectional Files using C access functions. *BXBFOR* calls subroutine *BXBRDK* to read a *BX_STRUCT* structure. It also calls *BXBOPE* to open the files and load the index and *BXBCLO* to close the files.

BXBRAN Program *BXBRAN* reads sequentially the binary Cross-Sectional Files using C access functions. *BXBRAN* calls subroutine *BXBRDK* to read a *BX_STRUCT* structure. It also calls *BXBOPE* to open the files and load the index and *BXBCLO* to close the files.

FORTTRAN Access Subroutines

FORTTRAN access subroutines are used by FORTRAN programs to actually retrieve US Treasury data for processing. These subroutines should be included in an object library. You should link the library with each program that uses any of the access functions.

BMGETC (*,*) Subroutine BMGETC first calls BMRES to erase the previous record's data and then reads all data for one issue from the data files into the common blocks /BMHEAD/ (header information), /BXQUO/ (quotes information), /BMYLD/ (yield information), /BMDEBT/ (debt information) and /BMPAY/ (payment information). BMGETC first reads a header record and then reads LSTQUO - FSTQUO + 1 quotes records, LSTYLD - FSTYLD + 1 yield records, NUMDBT debt records and NUMPAY payment records. BMGETC makes sure that the CRSPID from the header and the data records are the same. The first alternate return is taken from the file. The second alternate return is taken if there is an error.

BXGETC (THEDAY, NUMREC, *,*)

Subroutine BXGETC first calls BXRES to erase the previous record's data and then reads all data for one quote date from the data files into the common blocks /BXHEAD/ (header information), /BXYLD/ (yield information). BXGETC has two parameters:

THEDAY - the quote date

NUMREC - the number of issues having the THEDAY quote date

BXGETC reads NUMREC quotes records and then NUMREC yield records. BXGETC makes sure that the parameter THEDAY and the quote date of the data records are the same and that the CRSPID of the quotes data is the same as the CRSPID of the yield data. The first alternate return is taken at the end of the file. The second alternate return is taken if there is an error.

BXCGTC Subroutine BXCGTC reads the character calendar file into the /BXCAL/ common block.

BXGETC reads NUMREC quotes records and then NUMREC yield records. BXGETC makes sure that the parameter THEDAY and the quote date of the data records are the same and that the CRSPID of the quotes data is the same as the CRSPID of the yield data. The first alternate return is taken at the end of the file. The second alternate return is taken if there is an error.

BXCGTC Subroutine BXCGTC reads the character calendar file into the /BXCAL/ common block.

FORTRAN Utility Subroutines

FORTRAN utility subroutines are used by FORTRAN programs to actually obtain different CRSP derived variables. These subroutines should also be included into the object library. You should link the library with each program that uses any of the utility functions.

FORTRAN Utility Subroutines

Subroutine	Type	Description
BMRES	BM	reset master structure
BXRES	BX	reset cross-sectional structure
BXCLJL	CAL	convert calendar date to Julian date
FPDINT	BM	derive paid interest for a date
IDBT	CAL	find index in debt array for a date
INDCAL	CAL	find index in a calendar for a date
INDCID	BX	find index in a CRSPID list for a CRSPID
IPAY	BM	find index in payment structure for a date
IQDAY	CAL	find DD day for a calendar index
JAHRMO	CAL	find year and month for a calendar index
NDDATE	CAL	find Julian day number of delivery date for a calendar index
NDHFYR	CAL	return number of days in last half year
NDIFDT	CAL	find difference in days between 2 dates
NDZERO	CAL	find zero'th day of a month
NFQDAT	CAL	find YYMMDD date from calendar index
NPOUT	BM	find publicly held value for calendar index
NQDATE	CAL	Julian day number for calendar index
NQTOQD	CAL	find number of days between given index and previous
NTOUT	BM	find total debt for calendar index
PCYIELD	BM	calculate yield to maturity compounded to given frequency
RETADJ	BM, BX	express holding period return as a percentage
YTM	BM, BX	calculate annualized yield to maturity

BMRES Subroutine BMRES resets the vectors belonging to the previous master structure. It initializes the /BMQUO/, /BMYLD/, /BMDEBT/, and /BMPAY/ common blocks.

BXRES Subroutine BXRES resets the vectors belonging to the previous master structure. It initializes the /BXHEAD/, /BMQUO/, and /BMYLD/ common blocks.

BXCLJL (IDTCAL, IDTJUL, *)

Subroutine BXCLJL converts a calendar date to its linear (Julian) date equivalent. IDTCAL is the integer YYYYMMDD date which BXCLJL should convert, IDTJUL is the converted (Julian) date which BXCLJL returns. The alternative return is used if IDTCAL is an illegal date.

INTEGER FPDINT (IDXCAL)

Function FPDINT takes as a parameter IDXCAL - index in the calendar, calls the IPAY function to get the index in the BMPAY vector corresponding to the calendar data and returns the paid interest for that date. FPDINT returns -1 if the date was not found.

INTEGER IDBT (IDXCAL)

Function IDBT takes as a parameter IDXCAL - index in the calendar, searches in the BMDEBT vector and returns the index in the BMDEBT vector corresponding to the calendar data. IDBT returns -1 if the date was not found.

INTEGER INDCAL (DATE, CODE, ARRAY, MAXARR)

Function INDCAL can be used to locate the index of a date in a given date array. DATE is the value to be located in array ARRAY with MAXARR sorted values. CODE is one of -1, 0, 1, depending of what action is taken when the exact given date is not found. If CODE = 0 and the exact date is not found, 0 is returned. If CODE = -1 and the exact date is not found, the index of the first date less than DATE is returned, or 0 is returned if DATE is less than any date in the array. If CODE = 1 and the exact date is not found, the index of the first date greater than DATE will be returned, or 0 is returned if DATE is greater than any date in the array.

INTEGER INDCID (CRSPID, CODE, ARRAY, MAXARR)

Function INDCID can be used to locate the index of a CRSPID in a given CRSPIDs array. CRSPID is the value to be located in array ARRAY with MAXARR sorted values. CODE is one of -1, 0, 1, depending of what action is taken when the CRSPID is not found. If CODE = 0 and the CRSPID is not found, 0 is returned. If CODE = -1 and the CRSPID is not found, the index of the previous CRSPID in the array is returned, or 0 is returned if CRSPID is the first one in the array. If CODE = 1 and the CRSPID is not found, the index of the next CRSPID in the array will be returned, or 0 is returned if CRSPID is the last one in the array.

INTEGER IPAY (IDXCAL)

Function IPAY takes as a parameter IDXCAL - index in the calendar, searches in the BMPAY vector and returns the index in the BMPAY vector corresponding to the calendar data. IPAY returns -1 if the date was not found.

INTEGER IQDAY (IDXCAL)

Function IQDAY takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the day (DD) of the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range.

INTEGER JAHRMO (IDXCAL)

Function JAHRMO takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the year and month (YYYYMM) of the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range.

INTEGER NDDATE (IDXCAL)

Function NDDATE takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the number of days of the delivery date which have index IDXCAL. NDDATE calls the BXCLJL function to get the day number. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range or if BXCLJL fails.

INTEGER NDHFYR (IDXCAL)

Function NDHFYR takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the number of days in the last half year corresponding to the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. NDHFYR calls the NDIFDT function to get the difference between the quotation date. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range.

INTEGER NDIFDT (IDAT1, IDAT2)

Function NDIFDT converts two calendar dates to linear (Julian) dates and returns the difference. IDAT1 and IDAT2 are integer YYYYMMDD dates. NDIFDT calls the BXCLJL function to calculate the linear (Julian) dates.

INGETER NDZERO (IDXCAL)

Function NDZERO takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the zero'th day of the month of the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. NQDATE calls the BXCLJL function to get the linear date. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range or if BXCLJL fails.

INTEGER NFQDAT (IDXCAL)

Function NFQDAT takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the quotation date (YYMMDD) which has index IDXCAL. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range.

INTEGER NPOUT (IDXCAL)

Function NPOUT takes as a parameter IDXCAL - index in the calendar, calls the IDBT function to get the index in the BMDEBT vector corresponding to the calendar data and returns the publicly held face value outstanding for that date. NPOUT returns -1 if the date was not found.

INTEGER NQDATE (IDXCAL)

Function NQDATE takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the day number of the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. NQDATE calls the BXCLJL function to get the day number. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range or if BXCLJL fails.

INTEGER NQTOQD (IDXCAL)

Function NQTOQD takes as a parameter IDXCAL and returns the number of days between the previous quotation date and the quotation date which has index IDXCAL. NQTOQD calls the NQDATE function to get the linear (Julian) quotation dates. Returns -1 if IDXCAL is out of range.

INTEGER NTOUT (IDXCAL)

Function NTOUT takes as a parameter IDXCAL - index in the calendar, calls the IDBT function to get the index in the BMDEBT vector corresponding to the calendar data and returns the face value outstanding for that date. NTOUT returns -1 if the date was not found.

PCYLD (PCYARR, FREQ)

Subroutine PCYLD calculates the yield to maturity. PCYLD has two parameters:

PCYARR - an array of floats which will be loaded with the calculated values.
FREQ - the frequency.

If a yield is missing, the value will be -99.

RETADJ (ADJARR) Subroutine RETADJ calculates the holding period return expressed as a percentage. RETADJ has a parameter:

ADJARR - an array of floats which will be loaded with the calculated values.

If RETNUA, the unadjusted return, is missing, the value will be -999.

YTM (YTMARR) Subroutine YTM calculates the annualized yield to maturity. YTM has a parameter:

YTMARR - an array of floats which will be loaded with the calculated values.

If a yield is missing, the value will be -999.

FORTRAN Include Files

The sample programs and subroutines use include files to replace long, often-used blocks of code with single statements. If an include file is modified, all programs and subroutines that use the include file must be recompiled. All declarations needed to use the CRSP data with FORTRAN programs are automatically made by adding the include statements at the beginning of any main programs or subprograms that will use CRSP data or CRSP access or utility routines. The contents of these files are printed in Appendix B.

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| <i>BMINCL</i> | Include file <i>BMINCL</i> contains constants definitions and common blocks definitions to be used in any program or subroutine which access the Master Files. |
| <i>BXINCL</i> | Include file <i>BXINCL</i> contains constants definitions and common blocks definitions to be used in any program or subroutine which access the Cross-Sectional Files. |
| <i>CALINC</i> | Include file <i>CALINC</i> contains constants definitions and common blocks definitions to be used in any program or subroutine which access the Calendar File. |
| <i>BMBPRM</i> | Include file <i>BMBPRM</i> contains constants definitions to be used by programs or subroutines which access the Master Files using C functions. |
| <i>BXBPRM</i> | Include file <i>BXBPRM</i> contains constants definition to be used by programs or subroutines which access the Cross-Sectional Files using C functions. |

C Sample Programs

The sample programs give short examples of how to access the data with the access routines using C. The first four give basic examples of the C sequential and random access to the binary files, while the last four illustrate both sequential and random access to the binary files. The last two are the programs that generate the character files from the character files. To use a sample program, copy it to your directory, edit the program to meet your needs and run according to the instructions inside the program.

Character Files

Program:	<i>bmc_read_rand</i>
Description:	reads the character calendar file and then reads randomly the character Master Files.
Methodology:	<i>bmc_read_rand</i> first calls procedure <i>bxc_cal_load</i> to load the calendar in the <i>bx_cal</i> array and then reads sequentially the input file and calls the <i>bxc_rdkey</i> for each read CRSPID. The function <i>bxc_rdkey</i> loads all wanted data in the <i>bms</i> structure for the desired CRSPID.
Parameters:	<i>bndpath</i> - the path of the directory where the files are.
	<i>inpfilename</i> - the input file name (including the path).
Return Values:	
Notes:	The wanted CRSPIDs are read from a text file.

Program:	<i>bmc_read_seq</i>
Description:	Reads the character calendar file and then reads sequentially the character Master Files.
Methodology:	<i>bmc_read_seq</i> first calls procedure <i>bxc_cal_load</i> to load the calendar in the <i>bx_cal</i> array and then reads data one CRSPID by one till the end of files. The function <i>bmc_rdkey</i> loads all wanted data in the <i>bms</i> structure for the next CRSPID.
Parameters:	<i>bndpath</i> - the path of the directory where the files are .
Return Values:	
Notes:	

Program:	<i>bxc_read_rand</i>
Description:	Reads randomly the character Cross-Sectional Files.
Methodology:	<i>bxc_read_rand</i> reads sequentially the input file and calls the <i>bxc_rdkey</i> for each read date. The function <i>bxc_rdkey</i> loads all wanted data in the <i>bxs</i> structure for the desired date.
Parameters:	<i>bndpath</i> - the path of the directory where the files are.
	<i>inpfilename</i> - the input file name(including the path).
Return Values:	
Notes:	The wanted dates are read from a text file.

Program:	<i>bxc_read_seq</i>
Description:	Reads sequentially the character Cross-Sectional Files.
Methodology:	<i>bxc_read_seq</i> reads data in a loop till the end of files. The function <i>bxc_rdkey</i> loads all wanted data in the <i>bxs</i> structure for the next date.
Parameters:	<i>bndpath</i> - the path of the directory where the files are.
Return Values:	
Notes:	

Binary Files

Program:	<i>bmb_read_rand</i>
Description:	Reads the binary calendar file and then reads randomly the binary Master Files.
Methodology:	<i>bmb_read_rand</i> first calls procedure <i>bxb_cal_load</i> to load the calendar in the <i>bx_cal</i> array and then reads sequentially the input file and calls the <i>bxb_rdkey</i> for each read CRSPID. The function <i>bxb_rdkey</i> loads all wanted data in the <i>bms</i> structure for the desired CRSPID.
Parameters:	<i>bndpath</i> - the path of the directory where the files are.
Return Values:	<i>inpfilename</i> - the input file name(including the path).
Notes:	The wanted CRSPIDs are read from a text file.

Program:	<i>bmb_read_seq</i>
Description:	Reads the binary calendar file and then reads sequentially the binary Master Files.
Methodology:	<i>bmb_read_seq</i> first calls procedure <i>bxb_cal_load</i> to load the calendar in the <i>bx_cal</i> array and then reads bond data one CRSPID by one till the end of files. The function <i>bmb_rdkey</i> loads all wanted data in the <i>bms</i> structure for the next CRSPID.
Parameters:	<i>bndpath</i> - the path of the directory where the files are.
Return Values:	
Notes:	

Program:	<i>bxb_read_rand</i>
Description:	Reads randomly the binary Cross-Sectional Files.
Methodology:	<i>bxb_read_rand</i> reads sequentially the input file and calls the <i>bxb_rdkey</i> for each read date. The function <i>bxb_rdkey</i> loads all wanted data in the <i>bxs</i> structure for the desired date.
Parameters:	<i>bndpath</i> - the path of the directory where the files are.
Return Values:	<i>inpfilename</i> - the input file name(including the path).
Notes:	The wanted dates are read from a text file.

Program:	<i>bxb_read_seq</i>
Description:	Reads sequentially the binary Cross-Sectional Files.
Methodology:	<i>bxb_read_seq</i> reads bond data in a loop till the end of files. The function <i>bxb_rdkey</i> loads all wanted data in the <i>bxs</i> structure for the next date.
Parameters:	<i>bndpath</i> - the path of the directory where the files are.
Return Values:	
Notes:	

Conversion Programs from Character to Binary

Program:	<i>bmc_bmb_conv</i>
Description:	Reads the character calendar file and then reads sequentially the character files and writes into binary files the loaded structure.
Methodology:	<i>bmc_bmb_conv</i> first calls procedure <i>bxc_cal_load</i> to load the calendar in the <i>bx_cal</i> array and then reads bond data one CRSPID by one till the end of files and write the data. The function <i>bmc_rdkey</i> loads all wanted data in the <i>bms</i> structure for the next CRSPID and the function <i>bmb_wrkey</i> writes the structure into the binary files. The program also calls the <i>bxb_cal_write</i> to write the calendar array into the binary calendar file.
Parameters:	<i>bndpath</i> - the path of the directory where the files are.
Return Values:	
Notes:	Converts the Master Files from character to binary.

Program:	<i>bxc_bxb_conv</i>
Description:	Reads sequentially the character Cross-Sectional Files and writes the data into the binary Cross-Sectional Files.
Methodology:	<i>bxc_bxb_conv</i> reads character data one date by one until the end of files and writes it into the binary files. The function <i>bxc_rdkey</i> loads all wanted data in the <i>bxs</i> structure for the next date and the function <i>bxb_wrkey</i> write the structure into the files.
Parameters:	<i>bndpath</i> - the path of the directory where the files are.
Return Values:	
Notes:	Converts the Cross-Sectional Files from character to binary.

C Access Routines

Functions Called by C Programs

C access subroutines are used by C programs to actually retrieve daily US Treasury data for processing. These subroutines should be included into an object library. Link the library with each program that uses any of the access functions.

Character Files

Function:	bmc_rdkey
Prototype:	int bmc_rdkey (bm_str, key, wanted
Description:	Reads the data from the character Master Files for the given key.
Parameters:	bm_str - pointer to the BM_STRUCT structure to be loaded.
	key - the desired CRSPID for random access or MFIRST, MPREV, MLAST, MSAME, MNEXT.
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS, ALLBM or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0) the key found
	error(-1) for:
	-no read access
	-key not found or no previous for same
	-could not read a needed file
	EOFL (-2)

Function:	bxc_rdkey
Prototype:	int bxc_rdkey (bx_str, key, wanted)
Description:	Reads the data from the character Cross-Sectional Files for the given key.
Parameters:	bx_str - pointer to the BX_STRUCT structure to be loaded.
	key - the desired qdate for random access or XFIRST, XPREV, XLAST, XSAME, XNEXT.
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0) the key found
	error(-1) for:
	-no read access
	-key not found or no previous for same
	-could not read a needed file
	EOFL (-2)

Function:	bxc_cal_load
Prototype:	int bxc_cal_load (bndpath)
Description:	Function to load the character calendar from the BXCALIND.DAT file into the bx_cal array.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the calendar file is.
Return Values:	success (nbx_cal) - the number of dates
	error(-1)

Function:	bmc_open
Prototype:	int bmc_open (bndpath,wanted)
Description:	Opens wanted character Master Files and loads the index file in an array.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are located.
	wanted - the desired information should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS, ALLBM or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1)

Function:	bxc_open
Prototype:	int bxc_open (bndpath,wanted)
Description:	Opens wanted character Cross-Sectional Files and loads the index file in an array.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are located.
	wanted - the desired information should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1)

Function:	bmc_close
Prototype:	int bmc_close (wanted)
Description:	Opens wanted character in Master Files sequentially.
Parameters:	wanted - the desired information should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS, ALLBM or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0)
	couldn't close(-1)

Function:	bxc_close
Prototype:	int bxc_close (wanted)
Description:	Opens wanted character in Cross-Sectional Files sequentially.
Parameters:	wanted - the desired information should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX, or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0)
	couldn't close(-1)

Binary Files

Function:	bmb_rdkey
Prototype:	int bmb_rdkey (bm_str, key, wanted)
Description:	Reads the data from the binary Master Files for the given key.
Parameters:	bm_str - pointer to the BM_STRUCT structure to be loaded.
	key - the desired CRSPID for random access or MFIRST, MPREV, MLAST, MSAME, MNEXT.
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS, ALLBM or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1) for:
	-no read access
	-key not found or no previous for same
	-could not read a needed file
	EOFL (-2)

Function:	bxb_rdkey
Prototype:	int bxb_rdkey (bx_str, key, wanted)
Description:	Reads the data from the binary Cross-Sectional Files for the given key.
Parameters:	bx_str - pointer to the BX_STRUCT structure to be loaded.
	key - the desired CRSPID for random access or XFIRST, XPREV, MLAST, MSAME, MNEXT.
	Wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1) for:
	-no read access
	-key not found or no previous for same
	-could not read a needed file
	EOFL (-2)

Function:	bmb_wrkey
Prototype:	int bmb_wrkey (bm_str)
Description:	Writes the data from the bm_str structure into the binary Master Files.
Parameters:	bm_str - pointer to the BM_STRUCT structure to be loaded.
Return Values:	success(0) the key found
	error(-1)

Function:	bxb_wrkey
Prototype:	int bxb_wrkey (bx_str)
Description:	Writes the data from bx_str structure into the binary Cross-Sectional Files.
Parameters:	bx_str - pointer to the BX_STRUCT structure to be loaded.
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1)

Function:	bxb_cal_load
Prototype:	int bxb_cal_load (bndpath)
Description:	Function to load the binary calendar from the BXCALIND.DAT file into the bx_cal array.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the calendar file is.
Return Values:	success(nbx_cal) - the number of dates
	error(-1)

Function:	bmb_open
Prototype:	int bmb_open (bndpath,wanted)
Description:	Opens wanted binary Master Files and loads the index file in an array.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are.
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS, ALLBM or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1)

Function:	bmb_close
Prototype:	int bmb_close (wanted)
Description:	Close wanted binary Master Files sequentially.
Parameters:	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS, ALLBM or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1) couldn't close

Function:	bxb_open
Prototype:	int bxb_open (bndpath,wanted)
Description:	Opens wanted binary Cross-Sectional Files and loads the index file in an array.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are.
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1) couldn't close

Function:	bxb_close
Prototype:	int bxb_close (wanted)
Description:	Close wanted binary Cross-Sectional Files sequentially.
Parameters:	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any combination.
Return Values:	success(0)
	error(-1) couldn't close

Functions Called by FORTRAN Programs

Function:	bmbbrdk
Prototype:	int bmbbrdk (pbmhead, pbmquo, pbmyld, pbmpay, pbmdebt, key, wanted, ret)
Description:	Reads the data from the master binary files for a given key and loads them into a BM_STRUCT structure and then into FORTRAN common blocks to be used by FORTRAN programs.
Parameters:	pbmhead - pointer to the /BMHEAD/ common block.
	pbmquo - pointer to the /BMQUO/ common block.
	pbmyld - pointer to the /BMYLD/ common block.
	pbmpay - pointer to the /BMPAY/ common block.
	pbmdebt - pointer to the /BMDEBT/ common block.
	key - the desired CRSPID for random access or MFIRST, MPREV, MLAST, MSAME, MNEXT.
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS, ALLBM or any combination.
	ret - the return code.
Return Values:	success(0) the key found, or
	error(-1) for:
	-no read access
	-key not found or no previous for same
	-could not read a needed file
	EOFL (-2)

Function:	bxbrdk
Prototype:	int bxbrdk (pbxhead, pbxquo, pbxyld, key, wanted, ret)
Description:	Reads the data from the cross-sectional binary files for a given key and load them into a BX_STRUCT structure and then into FORTRAN common blocks to be used by FORTRAN programs.
Parameters:	pbxhead - pointer to the /BXHEAD/ common block.
	pbxquo - pointer to the /BXQUO/ common block.
	pbxyld - pointer to the /BXYLD/ common block.
	key - the desired CRSPID for random access or XFIRST, XPREV, XLAST, XSAME, XNEXT.
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any combination.
	ret - the return code.
Return Values:	success(0) the key found, or
	error(-1) for:
	-no read access
	-key not found or no previous for same
	-could not read a needed file
	EOFL (-2)

Function:	bxbcsl
Prototype:	int bxbcal (pbxcal, nbxcal, bndpath, bndlen, ret)
Description:	Reads the data from the binary calendar file and load them into FORTRAN common block to be used by FORTRAN programs.
Parameters:	pbxcal - pointer to the /BXCAL/ common block.
	nbxcal - the number of dates.
	bndpath - the path of the directory where the file is.
	bndlen - the length of the path.
	ret - the return code.
Return Values:	success(0) the key found, or
	error(-1)

Function:	bmbope
Prototype:	int bmbope (bndpath, bndlen, wanted, mode, ret)
Description:	Opens all master binary data files and loads the index file in the array. It calls the C function bmb_open.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are.
	bndlen - the length of the path.
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS, ALLBM or any combination.
	mode - the mode to open the files should be "R" (read) or "W" (write).
	ret - the return code.
Return Values:	success(0) the key found, or
	error(-1)

Function:	bmbclo
Prototype:	int bmbclo (wanted, ret)
Description:	Closes the master binary data files sequentially.
Parameters:	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, PAYMTS, DEBTS, ALLBM or any combination.
	ret - the return code.
Return Values:	success(0), or
	error(-1)

Function:	bxbope
Prototype:	int bxbope (bndpath, bndlen, wanted, mode, ret)
Description:	Opens all cross-sectional binary data files and loads the index file in the array calling the C function bxb_open.
Parameters:	bndpath - the path of the directory where the data files are.
	bndlen - the length of the path.
	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any combination.
	mode - the mode to open the files should be "R" (read) or "W" (write).
	ret - the return code.
Return Values:	success(0), or
	error(-1)

Function:	bxbclo
Prototype:	int bxbclo (wanted, ret)
Description:	Close cross-sectional binary data files sequentially.
Parameters:	wanted - the desired information; should be QUOTES, YIELDS, ALLBX or any combination.
	ret - the return code.
Return Values:	success(0), or
	error(-1)

C Utility Routines

C utility subroutines are used by C programs to actually obtain different CRSP derived variables. These subroutines should also be included in the object library. Link the library with each program that uses any of the utility functions.

Subroutine	Type	Description
bxcljl	cal	convert calendar date to Julian date
fpdint	bm	derive paid interest for a date
idbt	cal	find index in debt array for a date
indcal	cal	find index in a calendar for a date
indcid	bx	find index in a CRSPID list for a CRSPID
ipay	bm	find index in payment structure for a date
iqday	cal	find DD day for a calendar index
jahrmo	cal	find year and month for a calendar index
nddate	cal	find Julian day number of delivery date for a calendar index
ndhfyr	cal	return number of days in last half year
ndifdt	cal	find difference in days between 2 dates
ndzero	cal	find zero'th day of a month
nfqdat	cal	find YYMMDD date from calendar index
npout	bm	find publicly held value for calendar index
nqdate	cal	Julian day number for calendar index
nqtoqd	cal	find number of days between given index and previous
ntout	bm	find total debt for calendar index
pcyield	bm	calculate yield to maturity compounded to given frequency
retadj	bm, bx	express holding period return as a percentage
ytm	bm, bx	calculate annualized yield to maturity

Utility:	bxcljl
Prototype:	int bxcljl (idtcal)
Description:	Function bxcljl converts a calendar date to its linear (Julian) date equivalent.
Parameters:	idtcal - date in format YYYYMMDD.
Return Values:	success: the linear date
	error(-1)

Utility:	fpdint
Prototype:	int fpdint (bm_str, idxcal)
Description:	Function fpdint takes as a parameter idxcal - index in the calendar, calls the ipay function to get the index in the bmpay vector corresponding to the calendar data and returns the paid interest for that date.
Parameters:	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this function to be called.
	idxcal - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: an index in the BMPAY structure
	error(-1)
	fpdint returns -1 if the date was not found.

Utility:	idbt
Prototype:	int idbt(bm_str, idxcal)
Description:	Function idbt takes as a parameter idxcal - index in the calendar, searches in the bmdebt vector and returns the index in the bmdebt vector corresponding to the calendar data.
Parameters:	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this function to be called.
	idxcal - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: an index in the bmdebt structure
	error(-1)

Utility:	indcal
Prototype:	int indcal (key, code, array, maxarr)
Description:	indcal can be used to locate the index of a YYYYMMDD date in a calendar array.
Parameters:	key - pointer to a string containing a YYYYMMDD calendar date to find.
	code -1, 0, 1 for handling non-exact matches.
	-1, if date is not found, returns index of previous valid date.
	0, if date is not found, returns 0.
	1, if date is not found, returns index of next valid date.
	array - pointer to an array of YYYYMMDD calendar dates.
	maxarr - number of calendar dates in array.
Return Values:	success: index in array of YYYYMMDD calendar dates
	error(0) if not found or out of range according to code

Utility:	indcid
Prototype:	int indcid (key, code, array, maxarr)
Description:	indcid can be used to locate the index of a CRSPID in a CRSPID array.
Parameters:	key - pointer to a string containing a CRSPID to find.
	code -1, 0, 1 for handling non-exact matches.
	-1, if CRSPID is not found, returns index of previous CRSPID.
	0, if CRSPID is not found, returns 0.
	1, if CRSPID is not found, returns index of next CRSPID.
	array - pointer to an array of CRSPIDs.
	maxarr - number of CRSPIDs in array.
Return Values:	success: index in array of CRSPIDs
	error(0) if not found or out of range according to code

Utility:	ipay
Prototype:	int ipay (bm_str, idxcal)
Description:	Function ipay takes as a parameter idxcal - index in the calendar, searches in the bmpay vector and returns the index in the bmpay vector corresponding to the calendar data.
Parameters:	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this function to be called.
	idxcal - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: an index in the bmpay structure
	error(-1)

Utility:	iqday
Prototype:	<code>int iqday (idxcal)</code>
Description:	Function <code>iqday</code> takes as a parameter <code>idxcal</code> and returns the day (DD) of the quotation date which has index <code>idxcal</code> .
Parameters:	<code>idxcal</code> - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: the day of the quotation date
	error(-1)

Utility:	jahrmo
Prototype:	<code>int jahrmo (idxcal)</code>
Description:	Function <code>jahrmo</code> takes as a parameter <code>idxcal</code> and returns the year and month (YYYYMM) of the quotation date which has index <code>idxcal</code> .
Parameters:	<code>idxcal</code> - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: year and month of the quote date YYYYMM
	error(-1)

Utility:	nddate
Prototype:	<code>int nddate (idxcal)</code>
Description:	Function <code>nddate</code> takes as a parameter <code>idxcal</code> and returns the day number of the of the delivery date which has index <code>idxcal</code> . <code>nddate</code> calls the <code>bxclj1</code> function to get the day number.
Parameters:	<code>idxcal</code> - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: the day number of the delivery date
	error(-1)

Utility:	ndhfyr
Prototype:	<code>int ndhfyr (idxcal)</code>
Description:	Function <code>ndhfyr</code> takes as a parameter <code>idxcal</code> and returns the number of days in the last half year corresponding to the quotation date which has index <code>idxcal</code> . <code>ndhfyr</code> calls the <code>ndifdt</code> function to get the difference between the quotation date.
Parameters:	<code>idxcal</code> - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: the linear number of dates in half year
	error(-1)

Utility:	ndifdt
Prototype:	<code>int ndifdt (idat1, idat2)</code>
Description:	Function <code>ndifdt</code> converts two calendar dates to linear (Julian) dates and returns the difference.
Parameters:	<code>idat1</code> - first date in format YYYYMMDD.
	<code>idat2</code> - second date in format YYYYMMDD.
Return Values:	success: the difference between <code>idat1</code> and <code>idat2</code>
	error(-1)
	<code>ndifdt</code> calls the <code>BXCLJL</code> function to calculate the linear (Julian) dates.

Utility:	ndzero
Prototype:	int ndzero (idxcal)
Description:	Function ndzero takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the zero'th day of the month of the quotation date which has index idxcal. nqdate calls the bxcljl function to get the linear date.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: the day number of the zero'th day of the month
	error(-1)

Utility:	nfqdat
Prototype:	int nfqdat (idxcal)
Description:	Function nfqdat takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the quotation date (YYM-MDD) which has index idxcal.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: the quotation date YYMMDD
	error(-1)

Utility:	npout
Prototype:	int npout (bm_str, idxcal)
Description:	Function npout takes as a parameter idxcal - index in the calendar, calls the idbt function to get the index in the bmdebt vector corresponding to the calendar data and returns the publicly held face value outstanding for that date. npout returns -1 if the date was not found.
Parameters:	bm_str - pointer to a BM_STRUCT structure which must be loaded before this function to be called.
	idxcal - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: an index in the bmdebt structure
	error(-1)

Utility:	nqdate
Prototype:	int nqdate (idxcal)
Description:	Function nqdate takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the day number of the quotation date which has index idxcal. nqdate calls the bxcljl function to get the day number.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: the day number of the quotation date
	error(-1)

Utility:	nqtoqd
Prototype:	int nqtoqd (idxcal)
Description:	Function nqtoqd takes as a parameter idxcal and returns the number of days between the previous quotation date and the quotation date which has index idxcal. nqtoqd calls the nqdate function to get the linear (Julian) quotation dates.
Parameters:	idxcal - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: the number of days between the last the quotation date and this quotation date
	error(-1)

Utility:	ntout
Prototype:	<code>int ntout (bm_str, idxcal)</code>
Description:	Function <code>ntout</code> takes as a parameter <code>idxcal</code> - index in the calendar, calls the <code>idbt</code> function to get the index in the <code>bmdebt</code> vector corresponding to the calendar data and returns the face value outstanding for that date. <code>ntout</code> returns -1 if the date was not found.
Parameters:	<code>bm_str</code> - pointer to a <code>BM_STRUCT</code> structure which must be loaded before this function to be called.
	<code>idxcal</code> - the index in the calendar.
Return Values:	success: an index in the <code>BMDEBT</code> structure
	error(-1)

Utility:	pcyield
Prototype:	<code>void pcyield (bm_str, pcyarr, freq)</code>
Description:	<code>pcyield</code> calculates the yield to maturity and loads the <code>pcyarr</code> with the results.
Parameters:	<code>bm_str</code> - pointer to a <code>BM_STRUCT</code> structure which must be loaded before this function to be called.
	<code>pcyarr</code> - pointer to an array of floats.
	<code>freq</code> - the frequency.
Return Values:	success: none
	error: if a yield is missing, the value will be -99

Utility:	retadj
Prototype:	<code>void retadj (bm_str, adjarr, freq)</code>
Description:	<code>retadj</code> calculates the holding period return expressed as a percentage and loads the <code>adjarr</code> with the results.
Parameters:	<code>bm_str</code> - pointer to a <code>BM_STRUCT</code> structure which must be loaded before this function to be called.
	<code>adjarr</code> - pointer to an array of floats.
Return Values:	success: none
	error: If <code>RETNUA</code> is missing, the value will be -999

Utility:	ytm
Prototype:	<code>void ytm (bm_str, ytmarr, freq)</code>
Description:	<code>ytm</code> calculates the annualized yield to maturity and loads the <code>ytmarr</code> with the results.
Parameters:	<code>bm_str</code> - pointer to a <code>BM_STRUCT</code> structure which must be loaded before this function to be called.
	<code>ytmarr</code> - pointer to an array of floats.
Return Values:	success: none
	error: If a yield is missing, the value will be -999

C Input/Output Routines

These functions are specific to file access (open, close, read sequentially, read randomly). They should be modified according to the compiler's requirements.

Routine:	file_open
Prototype:	int file_open (filepath, filename)
Description:	opens a file.
Parameters:	filepath - the path of the directory where the file is. filename - the name of the file.
Return Values:	success the file descriptor(>0) error(-1)

Routine:	file_read
Prototype:	int file_read (fdes, buffer, offset, size)
Description:	reads and stores the data temporary in a character buffer.
Parameters:	fdes - file descriptor. buffer - character buffer where the data is read. offset - the offset from the beginning of the file from where to read. size - the number of bytes to be read.
Return Values:	success(0) error(-1)

Routine:	file_write
Prototype:	int file_write (fdes, buffer, size)
Description:	Writes a buffer into a file.
Parameters:	fdes - file descriptor. buffer - the address of the buffer. size - the number of bytes to be read.
Return Values:	success(0) error(-1)

Routine:	file_next
Prototype:	int file_next (fdes, buffer, size)
Description:	Reads sequentially the next record and stores the data temporary in a character buffer.
Parameters:	fdes - file descriptor. buffer - character buffer where the data is read. size - the number of bytes to be read.
Return Values:	Success(the number of bytes) EOF or error(-1)

Routine:	file_close
Prototype:	int file_close(fdes)
Description:	Close a file.
Parameters:	fdes - file descriptor.
Return Values:	success(0) error(-1)

C Include Files

The following include files were used in the sample programs, function and procedures. If an include file is modified, all programs, procedures and functions that used the include file must be recompiled. All declarations needed to use the CRSP data with C programs are automatically made by adding the include statements at the beginning of any main programs or subprograms that will use CRSP data or CRSP access or utility routines.

bnd_const.h Include file *bnd_const.h* contains the constants definitions for programs which access the data in the files.

bnd_struct.h Include file *bnd_struct.h* contains the structures definitions for programs which access the data in the files.

4.3 File Specifications

The tables below detail the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP files. Each table represents one file on the CD. The table names match the names in the CD layout descriptions. The "Character Positions" column shows where in the character record each field is positioned. The "FORTRAN Format" and "C Format" columns are listed the formats that appear on the CD. The "Associated Name" column refers to the data item defined in the "Description of Definition" section of this guide.

Master File Specifications

Records are all fixed-length. File names beginning with BX are sorted by QDATE, then CRSPID. Fields are delimited by a pipe (|).

These files are sorted by CRSPID, then quote date where available.

Header File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted Bonds Header File. There is one record for each issue, sorted by CRSPID. This file has a 156 character record.

BMHEADER Data Records

Character Positions	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 24	A8	%8s	Character	CUSIP
26 - 33	A8	%8s	Character	NAME
35 - 42	I8	%8d	Integer	MATDT
44	I1	%1d	Integer	TYPE
46 - 52	F7.3	%7.3f	Double	COUPRT
54	I1	%1d	Integer	UNIQ
56	I1	%1d	Integer	WHY
58 - 65	I8	%8d	Integer	DATDT
67 - 74	I8	%8d	Integer	BANKDT
76 - 83	I8	%8d	Integer	FCALDT
85 - 90	I6	%6d	Integer	YMCNOT
92	I1	%1d	Integer	NOTICE
94	I1	%1d	Integer	TAX
96	I1	%1d	Integer	FLOWER
98	I1	%1d	Integer	NIPPY
100 - 107	I8	%8d	Integer	FCPDT
109	I1	%1d	Integer	FCPDTF
111 - 119	F9.6	%9.6f	Double	VALFC
121 - 125	I5	%5d	Integer	NUMDBT
127 - 131	I5	%5d	Integer	NUMPAY
133 - 137	I5	%5d	Integer	FSTQUO
139 - 143	I5	%5d	Integer	LSTQUO
145 - 149	I5	%5d	Integer	FSTYLD
151 - 155	I5	%5d	Integer	LSTYLD

Quotes File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted Quotes File. There is one record for each quote, sorted by CRSPID then QDATE. This file has a 52 character record.

BMQUOTES Data Record

Character Positions	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 24	I8	%8d	Integer	QDATE
26 - 36	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	BID
38 - 48	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	ASK
50	A1	%1s	Character	SOURCE

Yield File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted Yields File. There is one record for each quote, sorted by CRSPID then QDATE. This file has a 74 character record.

BMYIELD Data Records

Character Positions	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 24	I8	%8d	Integer	QDATE
26 - 38	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	ACCINT
40 - 52	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	YLD
54 - 66	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	RETNUA
68 - 73	F6.1	%6.1f	Double	DURATN

Debt File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted Debt File. There is one record for each amount outstanding observation sorted by CRSPID then PQDATE. This file has a 38 character record.

BMDEBT Data Records

Character Positions	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 24	I8	%8d	Integer	BQDATE
26 - 30	I5	%5d	Integer	TOTOUT
32 - 36	I5	%5d	Integer	PUBOUT

Coupon Payments File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted Bonds Payments File. There is one record for each amount outstanding observation, sorted by CRSPID then DQDATE. This file has a 36 character record.

BMPAYMTS Data Records

Character Positions	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 24	I8	%8d	Integer	PQDATE
26 - 34	F9.6	%9.6f	Double	PDINT

Address File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted CRSP daily master address file. The CRSP Daily Master Address File contains one record for each issue, and contains header information used by CRSP sample programs to read other Master Files randomly. This file has a 95 character record.

BMADDRS Data Records

Character Positions	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 15	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
17 - 25	I9	%9d	Integer	DBTLOC
27 - 35	I9	%9d	Integer	DBTSIZ
37 - 45	I9	%9d	Integer	PAYLOC
47 - 55	I9	%9d	Integer	PAYSIZ
57 - 65	I9	%9d	Integer	QUOLOC
67 - 75	I9	%9d	Integer	QUOSIZ
77 - 85	I9	%9d	Integer	YLDLOC
87 - 95	I9	%9d	Integer	YLDSIZ

Cross-Sectional File Specifications

These files are sorted by QDATE, then CRSPID where available.

Calendar File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted Calendar/Rates File. There is one record for each Quote Date, sorted by QDATE. This file has an 87 character record.

BXCALIND Data Records

Character Positions	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 8	I8	%8d	Integer	QDATE
10 - 17	I8	%8d	Integer	DELDTAT
19 - 24	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CD1M
26 - 31	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CD3M
33 - 38	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CD6M
39 - 44	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CP30D
46 - 51	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CP60D
53 - 59	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	CP90D
61 - 66	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	FFEFRT
68 - 73	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	FFMINR
75 - 80	F6.2	%6.2f	Real	FFMAXR
82 - 87	I6	%6d	Integer	NUMACT

Quotes File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted Cross-Sectional Quotes File. There is one record for each quote, sorted by QDATE then CRSPID. This file has a 52 character record.

BXQUOTES Data Records

Character Positions	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 8	I8	%8d	Integer	CRSPID
10 - 24	A15	%15s	Character	QDATE
26 - 36	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	BID
38 - 48	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	ASK
50	A1	%1s	Character	SOURCE

Yield File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted Cross-Sectional Yields File. There is one record for each quote, sorted by QDATE then CRSPID. This file has a 74 character record.

BXYIELD Data Records

Character Positions	FORTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1-8	I8	%8d	Integer	CRSPID
10-24	A15	%15s	Character	QDATE
26-38	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	ACCINT
40-52	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	YLD
54-66	E13.6	%13.6E	Double	RETNUA
68-73	F6.1	%6.1f	Double	DURATN

Address File

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted Cross-Sectional Address File. There is one record for each issue, and contains header information used by CRSP sample programs to read other Cross-Sectional Files randomly. This file has a 49 character record.

BXADDRS Data Records

Character Positions	FORTTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1 - 8	I8	%8d	Integer	CRSPID
10 - 18	I9	%9d	Integer	QUOLOC
20 - 28	I9	%9d	Integer	QUOSIZ
30 - 38	I9	%9d	Integer	YLDLOC
40 - 48	I9	%9d	Integer	YLDSIZ

Fixed Term Indices File Specifications

This table details the exact specifications of the formatted Bonds Fixed Term Indices. There is one record for each maturity term type for each quote date. This file has a 102 character record.

BXDLYIND Data Records

Character Positions	FORTTRAN Format	C Format	Data Type	Associated Name
1-4	I4	%4d	Integer	TERMTYPE
6-13	I8	%8d	Integer	QDATE
15-29	A15	%15s	Character	CRSPID
31-35	F6.3	%6.3f	Integer	YEARSTM
38-48	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	RETADJ
50-60	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	YTM
62-72	F11.6	%11.6f	Double	ACCINT
74-79	F6.1	%6.1f	Double	DURATN
81-90	F10.6	%10.6f	Double	BID
92-101	F10.6	%10.6f	Double	ASK

Excel Files

The Excel Workbook files do not contain the large Master and Cross-Sectional Files. These files are too large to be supported in Excel. The Excel Files were imported from the ASCII files. The number of decimal places matches those in the original ASCII Files. Therefore, adding decimal places in the cell formatting will not improve accuracy in data output. The dates are stored as Excel dates and displayed in a MM/DD/YYYY format, unless otherwise indicated on the readme worksheet. The first worksheet in each file is a readme worksheet that outlines the contents of the rest of the sheets.

The following table contains the file name, the work sheet names within them, and the section of the documentation, which describes them.

Excel Files

Files	Work Sheet Names	Documentation Reference
bmheader.xls	BMHEADER.XLS	Section 4.3, File Specifications, Master File Specifications
bxcaldind.xls	BXCALIND.XLS	Section 4.3, Cross-Sectional File Specifications
bxdllyind_10yr.xls	BXDLYIND_10YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdllyind_1yr.xls	BXDLYIND_1YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdllyind_20yr.xls	BXDLYIND_20YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdllyind_2yr.xls	BXDLYIND_2YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdllyind_30yr.xls	BXDLYIND_30YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdllyind_5yr.xls	BXDLYIND_5YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications
bxdllyind_7yr.xls	BXDLYIND_7YR.XLS	Section 4.3, Daily Fixed Term Indices File Specifications

Microsoft Excel Support Disclaimer

CRSP does not support Microsoft Excel. These files have been included in this format as a courtesy. If you are unable to load the files or to use the software, please contact Microsoft or your System Administrator for support. These files are in ASCII in the \DATA\ directory if you want to convert them yourself.

SAS Files

The complete Master File was imported into one large SAS Transport Format, `dlybonds.trp`. Sample SAS code is included in the `bdimport.sas` file may expand the transport data set. The table below has SAS's NT file extensions. File extensions may vary among platforms. `indexdly.sas` can be run to create indices to speed retrieval and to create the data and cross-sectional order.

SAS Files (extracted)

Extracted File Names	Documentation Reference
BMDEBT.SD2	"DEBT - Amounts Outstanding" on page 23 (Master File)
BMDEBT.SI2*	CRSPID index for the BMDEBT File
BMHEADER.SD2	"HEADER - Issue Identification, Characteristics, and Data Ranges" on page 16 (Master File)
BMHEADER.SI2*	CRSPID index for the BMHEADER File
BMPAYMTS.SD2	"PAYMENTS - Interest Payments" on page 24 (Master File)
BMPAYMTS.SI2*	CRSPID index for the BMPAYMTS File
BMQUOTES.SD2	"QUOTES - Raw Data" on page 20 (Master File)
BMQUOTES.SI2*	CRSPID index for the BMQUOTES File
BMFIELD.SD2	"YIELDS - Derived Data" on page 21 (Master File)
BMFIELD.SI2*	CRSPID index for the BMFIELD File
BXCALIND.SD2	"CALENDAR - Calendar and Government Rates" on page 14 (Cross Sectional File)
BXDLYIND.SD2	"CRSP Fixed Term Indices Files" on page 25 (Cross Sectional File)
BXQUOTES.SD2*	"QUOTES - Raw Data" on page 20 (Cross Sectional File)
BXQUOTES.SI2*	QDATE index for BXQUOTES
BXYIELD.SD2*	"YIELDS - Derived Data" on page 21 (Cross Sectional File)
BXYIELD.SI2*	QDATE index for BXYIELD
* Indicates files created with the <code>indexdly.sas</code> program	

SAS Support Disclaimer

CRSP does not support SAS. These files have been included in this format as a courtesy. If you are unable to load the files or to use the software, please contact SAS or your System Administrator for support. The files are in ASCII in the `\DATA\` directory if you want to convert them yourself.

APPENDIX A: SPECIAL ISSUES

Appendix A lists the US Government issues which require special treatment.

INSIDE

Issues with Special Provisions..... Page 67

Stripped Notes and Bonds Page 68

Foreign Targeted Securities..... Page 69

APPENDIX A: SPECIAL ISSUES

A.1. Issues with Special Provisions

The following is a list of issues having special provisions and coded with `ITYPE = 9`. You may wish to consider these provisions before using the data from these issues.

19330315.902000	Redeemable at option of holder at par plus accrued interest with 60 days notice. Principal and interest payable in United States gold coin.
19340415.904250	Issue created by early call of 19381015.904250. Similar numbers selected to be called for redemption on 19340415 were promulgated by the Treasury effectively creating a new issue which was quoted separately up to the call date.
19341015.904250	Issue created by early call of 19381015.904250. Similar to 19340415.904250.
19350415.904250	Issue related by early call of 19381015.904250. Similar to 19340415.904250.
19381015.904250	Principal and interest payable in United States gold coin.
19451015.903250	Accrued interest at the rate of $4\frac{1}{4}\%$ up to 19341015 and at $3\frac{1}{4}\%$ thereafter.
19590801.904000	Issue created from 19610801.904000 (see below).
19600215.904000	Issue created from 19620815.904000 (see below).
19610801.904000	Redeemable at the option of the holder at par and accrued interest on August 1, 1959. Notice of intent to redeem must be made by May 1, 1959 and certificates to be redeemed to be stamped. Once stamped, certificates mature on August 1, 1959 (not August 1, 1961 as issued). These stamped certificates were traded and quoted under the new CRSPID, even though no such security was actually issued by the treasury.
19620815.904000	Similar to 19600801.90400. Redeemable at option of holder on February 15, 1960, written notice and surrender required on or before November 16, 1959. Issue thus created was 19600215.904000.
99990401.902000	Consol bond, paid interest quarterly in perpetuity. Principal returned only if called. Issue actually called in 1935.

A.2. Stripped Notes and Bonds

Stripped notes and bonds are issues, which have been broken into their component cash flows, each of which is then traded separately. This was originally done by various financial institutions who issued treasury backed securities (e.g., CATS, TIGERS etc.). A fully-constituted Treasury note or bond consists of a principal payment and semiannual interest payments. In 1985 the treasury began participating in this market by designating certain issues as eligible to be stripped. All 10 year notes and all bonds issued since November 15, 1984 have been made eligible for the STRIPS program either upon their original issue or after their first interest payment date. Issues so designated could be broken up and the individual cash flows registered separately. As of September 1997, All new Treasury marketable fixed-rate notes and bonds issued on and after September 30, 1997 are eligible for STRIPS. The Treasury itself did not sell the individual payments, this being done by dealers who first purchased eligible securities.

The following issues have been designated as eligible for stripping by the Treasury:

19941115.211620	20000815.208750	20050815.110750	20200515.108750
19950215.211250	20001115.205750	20050815.206500	20200815.108750
19950515.211250	20001115.208500	20051115.205870	20210215.107870
19950815.210500	20011115.208500	20060215.109370	20210515.108120
19951115.209500	20011115.207500	20060515.206870	20210815.108120
19960215.208870	20010215.207750	20060715.207000	20211115.108000
19960515.207370	20010515.208000	20061015.206500	20220815.107250
19961115.207250	20010815.207870	20060215.205620	20221115.107620
19970515.208500	20011115.207500	20070215.206250	20230215.107120
19970815.208620	20020515.207500	20070515.206620	20230815.106250
19971115.208870	20020815.206370	20070815.206120	20241115.107500
19980215.208120	20020930.205870	20141115.511750	20250215.107620
19980515.209000	20021031.205750	20150215.111250	20250815.106870
19980815.209250	20021130.205750	20150815.110620	20260215.106000
19981115.208870	20021231.205620	20151115.109870	20260815.106750
19990215.208870	20030215.206250	20160215.109250	20261115.106500
19990515.209120	20030815.205750	20160515.107250	20270215.106620
19990815.208000	20040215.205870	20161115.107500	20270815.106370
19990930.205750	20040515.207250	20170515.108750	20271115.106120
19991031.205620	20040815.207250	20170815.108870	20280815.105500
19991115.207870	20041115.111620	20180515.109120	20281115.105250
19991130.205620	20041115.207870	20181115.109000	20290215.105250
19991231.205620	20050215.207500	20190215.108870	20290815.106120
20000215.208500	20050515.112000	20190815.108120	
20000515.208870	20050515.206500	20200215.108500	

These issues are also traded as normal notes and bonds and are quoted as such in the files.

A.3. Foreign Targeted Securities

Foreign targeted issues are not included in the CRSP US Treasury Database. Certain recent notes have been issued in pairs with identical coupon rates, maturities and dated dates. One issue of the pair is intended for domestic holders and is normal in all respects. The other issue is intended for United States aliens. These "Foreign Targeted Securities" are exempt from certain federal taxes when held by eligible foreigners. They pay interest annually and may be converted into their domestic equivalent or sale to domestic holders. The converse is not true.

The following notes which are included are known to have Foreign Targeted equivalents:

19880930.211370	dated 19841031
19900215.211000	dated 19841203
19900815.209870	dated 19850604
19960215.208870	dated 19860215

INDEX

Numerics

30-Day Commercial Paper Rate 14

60-Day Commercial Paper Rate 14

90-Day Commercial Paper Rate 14

A

ACCINT 21, 26

Amount of First Coupon Per \$100 Face Value 18

Amounts Outstanding 23

Annualized Yield 27

ASK 20

B

Bank Eligibility Date at Time of Issue, in YYYYMMDD Format 17

BANKDT 17

BID 20

BID & ASK 26

bmb_close 49

bmb_open 49

bmb_rdkey 48

bmb_read_rand 44

bmb_read_seq 44

bmb_wrkey 48

bmbclo 51

bmbope 51

BMBPRM 42

BMBRAN 36

bmbrdk 50

bmc_bmb_conv 45

bmc_close 47

bmc_open 47

bmc_rdkey 46

bmc_read_rand 43

bmc_read_seq 43

BMGETC 37

BMINCL 42

BMRES 38

BMSAMP

description 36

bnd_const.h 59

bnd_struct.h 59

bxb_cal_load 49

bxb_close 49

bxb_open 49

bxb_rdkey 48

bxb_read_rand 44

bxb_read_seq 44

bxb_wrkey 48

bxbcal 51

bxbclo 52

BXBFOR 36

bxbope 51

BXBPRM 42

BXBRAN 36

bxbrdk 50

bxc_bxb_conv 45

bxc_cal_load 46

bxc_close 47

bxc_open 47

bxc_rdkey 46

bxc_read_rand 43

bxc_read_seq 43

BXCGTC 37

bxcljl 53

BXGETC 37

BXINCL 42

BXRES 38

BXSAMP 36

C

CALENDAR 14

Calendar and Government Rates 14

CALINC 42

CD1M 14

CD3M 14

CD6M 14

Coupon Rate (percent per annum) 16

COUPRT 16

CP30D 14

CP60D 14

CP90D 14

CRSP Assigned Unique Issue Identification Number 16, 26

CRSP Fixed Term Indices Files 25

CRSPID 16, 26

CUSIP 18

CUSIP Number 18

D

DATDT 17

Date Dated by Treasury, in YYYYMMDD Format 17

Date of Quotation, in YYYYMMDD Format 14, 27

Day Number of Issue's First Quote on File 19

Day Number of Issue's First Yield 19

Day Number of Issue's Last Quote 19

Day Number of Issue's Last Yield 19

DEBT 23

DELDAT 14

Delivery Date, in YYYYMMDD Format 14

Derived Data 21

DQDATE 23

Duration (Macaulay's Duration) 27

Duration (Macaulay's Duration) 22

DURATN 22, 27

E

Effective Date of Amount Outstanding Values in YYYYMMDD Format 23

F

Face Value Outstanding 23

FCALDT 17

FCPDT 18

FCPDTF 18

Federal Funds Effective Rate 14

Federal Funds Maximum Trading Range 15

Federal Funds Minimum Trading Range 14

CRSP DAILY US TREASURY DATABASE GUIDE

FFEFRT 14	JAHMO 39	Year 18
FFMAXR 15	jahrmo 55	NUMDBT 19
FFMINR 14		NUMPAY 19
file_close 58	L	0
file_next 58	LSTQUO 19	One Month Holding Period Return 27
file_open 58	LSTYLD 19	One-Month Certificate of Deposit Rate 14
file_read 58	M	P
file_write 58	MATDT 16	Payment of Estate Tax Code 17
First Coupon Payment Date Flag 18	Maturity Date at Time of Issue, in YYYYMMDD Format 16	PAYMENTS 24
First Coupon Payment Date, in YYYYMMDD Format 18	N	pcyield 57
First Eligible Call Date at Time of Issue, in YYYYMMDD Format 17	NAME 18	PCYLD 40
FLOWER 17	Name of Government Security 18	PDINT 24
FPDINT 38	NDDATE 39	PQDATE 24
fpdint 53	nddate 55	Prices 20, 26
FSTQUO 19	NDHFYR 39	Primary Data Source 20
FSTYLD 19	ndhfy 55	Promised Daily Yield 21
H	NDIFDT 40	Publicly Held Face Value Outstanding 23
HEADER 16	ndifdt 55	PUBOUT 23
I	NDZERO 40	Q
IDBT 39	ndzero 56	QDATE 14, 27
idbt 54	NFQDAT 40	QUOTES 20
INDCAL 39	nfqdat 56	R
indcal 54	NIPPY 18	Reason for End of Data on File 17
INDCID 39	NOTICE 17	RETADJ 27, 40
indcid 54	Notice Required on Callable Issues 17	retadj 57
Index Identification Number 27	NPOUT 40	RETNUA 22
Interest Paid 24	npout 56	S
Interest Payment Dates, in YYYYMMDD Format 24	NQDATE 40	Six-Month Certificate of Deposit Rate 14
Interest Payments 24	nqdate 56	SOURCR 20
IPAY 39	NQTOQD 40	T
ipay 54	nqtoqd 56	TAX 17
IQDAY 39	NTOUT 40	Taxability of Interest 17
iqday 55	ntout 57	TERMTYPE 27
Issue Identification, Characteristics, and Data Ranges 16	NUMACT 15	Three-Month Certificate of Deposit
J	Number of Active Issues 15	
	Number of Amount Outstanding Observations 19	
	Number of Interest Payments 19	
	Number of Interest Payments Per	

Rate 14

Total Accrued Interest At End of
Day 21, 26

TOTOUT 23

TYPE 16

Type of Issue 16

U

Unadjusted Return 22

UNIQ 16

Uniqueness Number 16

V

VALFC 18

W

WHY 17

Y

Year and Month of First Call Notice, in
YYYYMMDD Format 17

Years to Maturity 27

YEARSTM 27

YIELD 21

YMCNOT 17

YTM 27, 41

ytm 57